

Water Treatment Process Optimization Benefits



CWWA - National Water & Wastewater Conference, Halifax NS

Supramaniam Suthaker (Sutha), Ph.D., P.Eng.

November 9, 2022

1


Acknowledgement

2

Why Optimization?

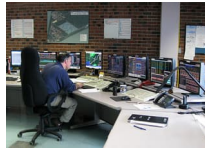

- Making the best use of existing assets
- Deferral of major capital investment for expansion
- Minor retrofits to accommodate additional treatment objectives
- Incorporating newer technologies within the footprint
- Additional capacity within the existing footprint
- Improve treatment performance
- Reduce operational costs
- Other site-specific drivers



3

Optimization Team


- Technical team
- Operations (historical knowledge, plant issues)
- Maintenance (PM schedules, ongoing equipment issues, upgrades)
- Management (Resourcing, costs, awareness of risks)

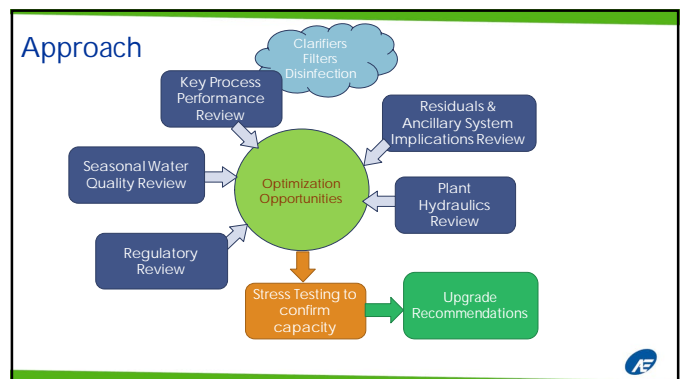
4

Setting Optimization Goals

- Master planning
- Capacity targets
- Operational Targets



5



6

Full-scale Stress Testing

7

Why Stress Testing?

- Estimates for optimization need to be validated through actual operation
- Some issues are unpredictable and only seen at full scale
- Test drive?
- Stress testing can be an effective tool



8

Pilot vs Full-scale Tests

- Piloting: Less risks
- Could be first step in a staged approach
- Piloting won't reveal all potential issues
- Full scale is preferred whenever possible



9

Stress Test Planning

	Low Temperature	Moderate Temperature	High Temperature
Low Turbidity	Nov, Dec, Jan, Feb, Mar	n/a	n/a
Moderate Turbidity	n/a	Apr, May, Oct	n/a
High Turbidity	n/a	n/a	June

- Target flows?
- Capturing seasonal variation
- Risk assessment
- Resourcing, scheduling
- Regulatory notifications
- Sampling & testing

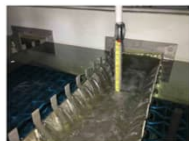
10

Okotoks WTP Actiflo® Stress Test

- Target Flow Rate: 128 L/s (54 m/h rise rate)
- Operate under typical flow-through operations:
 - Rapid/coagulation mixer and injection mixer on
 - Sludge recirculation pumps off
- Issues noted at 120 L/s



Actiflo® 1 Weir hydraulics maxed out at 120 L/s



Actiflo® 2 Effluent Collection Trough - Flow Test at 120 L/s

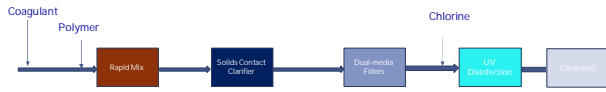


11

City of Red Clarifier & Filter Retrofit

12

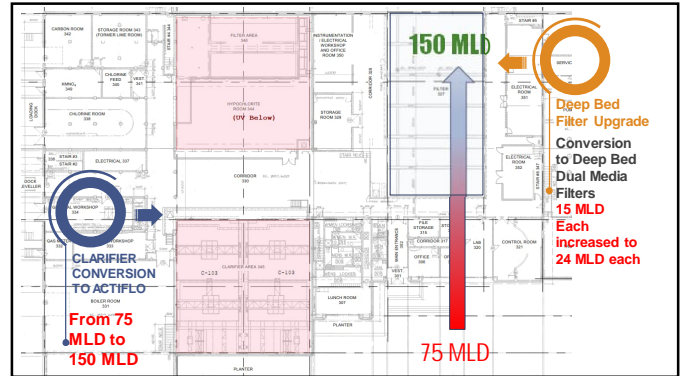
Pre-Optimization Water treatment



Process Retrofit Optimization in lieu of Expansion



13

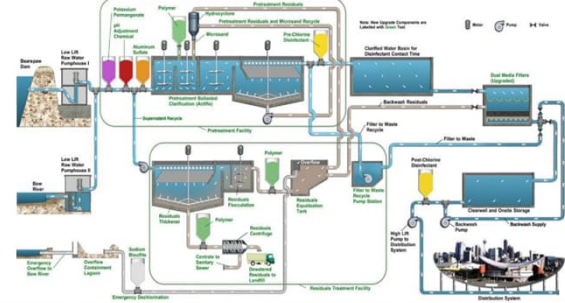


14

Calgary WTPs Optimization

15

Bears paw WTP Process Scheme



16

Master Planning Outcome

- A new WTP 300 ML/d
- Phase 1: 250 Million
- Phase 2: \$150 Million
- Total: \$400 Million
- WTP Optimization Goal
 - to add 150 ML/d firm capacity if possible
 - Achievable at \$15-20 Million
 - 5+ years deferral of major investment



17

Seasonal Water Quality Characterization

Parameter	Target Condition		
	"Low"	"Moderate" / "Medium"	"High"
Turbidity	<2 NTU	2 - 4 NTU	>4 NTU
Temperature	<4°C	4 - 10°C	>10°C
pH	<8	8 - 8.2	>8.2
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	<0.75	0.75 - 1.25	>1.25

Glenmore WTP

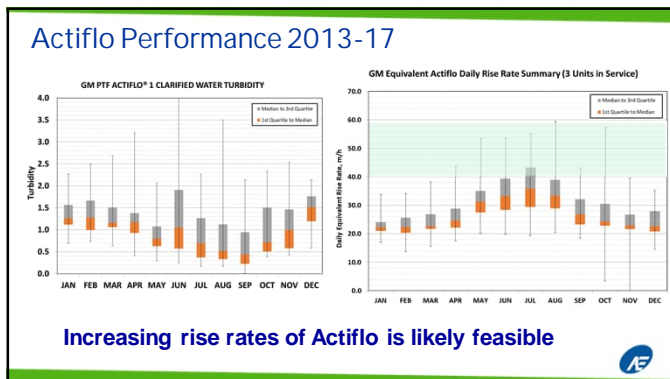
Period	Turbidity	pH	Temperature	TOC
February	Low	Low	Low	Low
April	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
June	Low	High	High	High
Nov-Dec	Low	High	Low	Moderate

Bears paw WTP

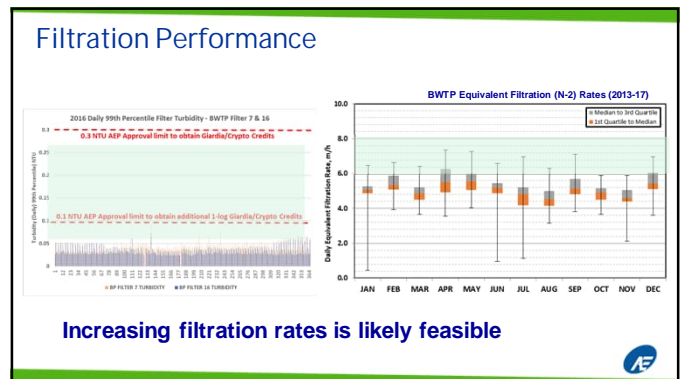
Period	Turbidity	Temperature
Nov - Mar	Low	Low
April, May	Moderate	Moderate
June	High	High



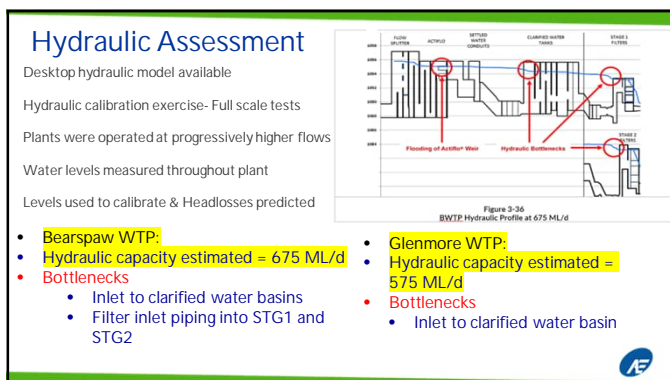
18



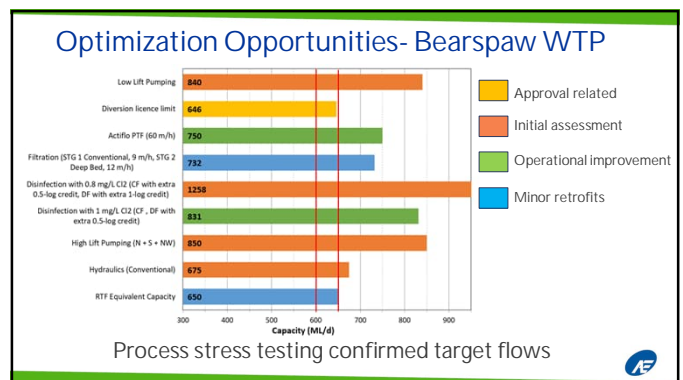
19



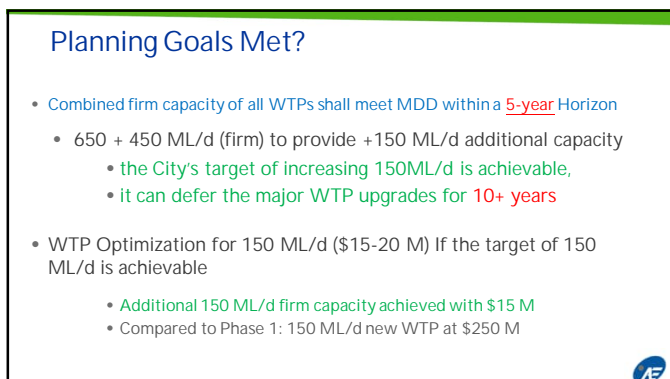
20



21



22



23



24