

Dimple Roy November, 2024



Natural Infrastructure for Water Solutions



Natural Infrastructure for Water Solutions (NIWS) is a five-year initiative (2022 to 2026) led by IISD to scale up NI across the Canadian prairies (Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta). The NIWS initiative aims for NI to be well-understood, adopted, financed, and enabled by policy.

While science and policy are the foundation for this work, IISD is also taking a systems view—looking for opportunities and creative approaches to achieve real impact across the region, working with a network of champions, partners, and decision-makers.

"Taking natural infrastructure from novel to normal."

What is Natural Infrastructure?



⊘ Conserved Ecosystems

Conserving existing natural ecosystems to prevent their loss and/or optimizing their function to enhance infrastructure outcomes

Examples

Wetland, grassland, floodplain, and forest conservation, riparian buffers, and urban tree canopy



Restored Ecosystems

Restoring or enhancing degraded ecosystems to deliver infrastructure outcomes

Examples

Wetland, grassland, floodplain, and forest restoration, riparian buffers, and urban tree canopy

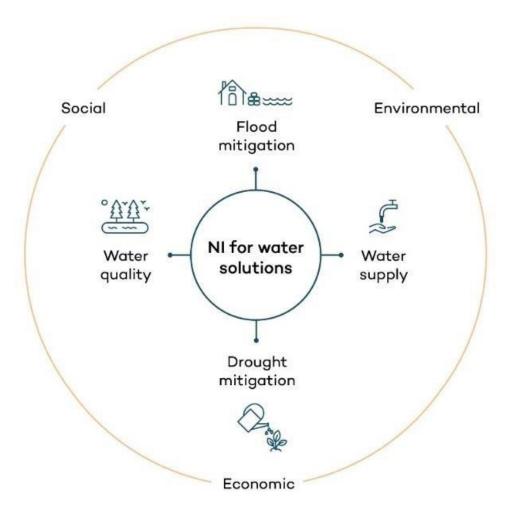


Engineered Ecosystems

Engineering and constructing new ecosystems that incorporate ecosystem features to deliver infrastructure outcomes

Examples

Constructed wetlands, water retention sites, floating treatment wetlands, soil cells, green roofs, and bioswales





- Nascent, but has growing momentum
- Natural infrastructure forms a patchwork of site-specific projects

- Ongoing loss of critical natural assets
- Local capacity drives natural infrastructure implementation

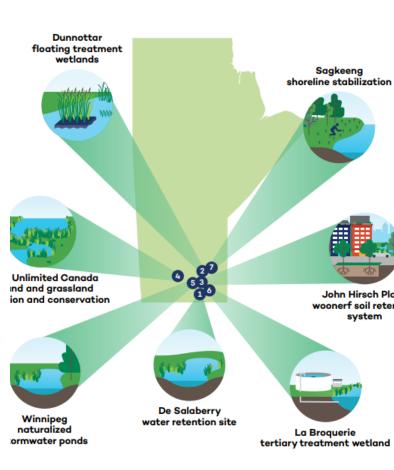
Alberta

Langford rain garden Saskatchewan Wetaskiwin soil cells Saskatoon **Bitz Park** green roofs bioswales Olds College floating treatment wetlands Calgary riparian strategy Silvester Creek riparian restoration Okotoks WUQWATR resilient landscapes **Natural Edge** Waterton **Natural Area** Avonlea

tertiary treatment wetland

Dry Lake coordinated drainage network

Manitoba



Floating Treatment Wetlands in the RMs of Springfield & East St. Paul







A resilient infrastructure mix



Barriers to Scaling NI Across the Prairies

Despite some progress scaling up NI in recent years, there are several barriers to implementation:



Uncertainty around measuring performance and valuation

Accounting for societal benefits on private land



Funding requirements ("shovel ready")

Developing project pipeline



Grey infrastructure remains the go-to

Stretched capacity and limited expertise

Current procurement strategies



Awareness and demand

Election cycles and administrative turnover

Limited watershed-scale coordination









Opportunities to Scaling NI Across the Prairies

Key opportunities to scale NI on the Canadian Prairies:



Primary benefits, co-benefits, and multi-solving Public and political buy-in



Endowment funds
Lifecycle support for projects

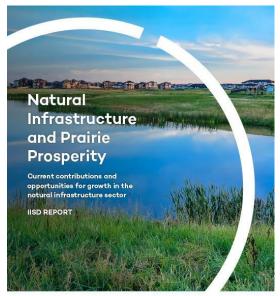


Increasing resilience and risk reduction
Regional collaboration
Easy to implement standards
More tools to support implementation



Planning instead of reacting Redesign approval processes Updated or new policies

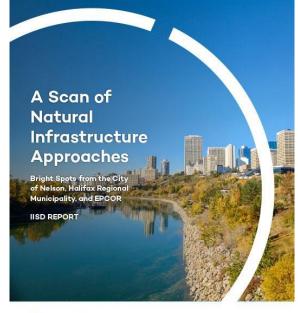
Our work addressing some barriers





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MAKING NATURE

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