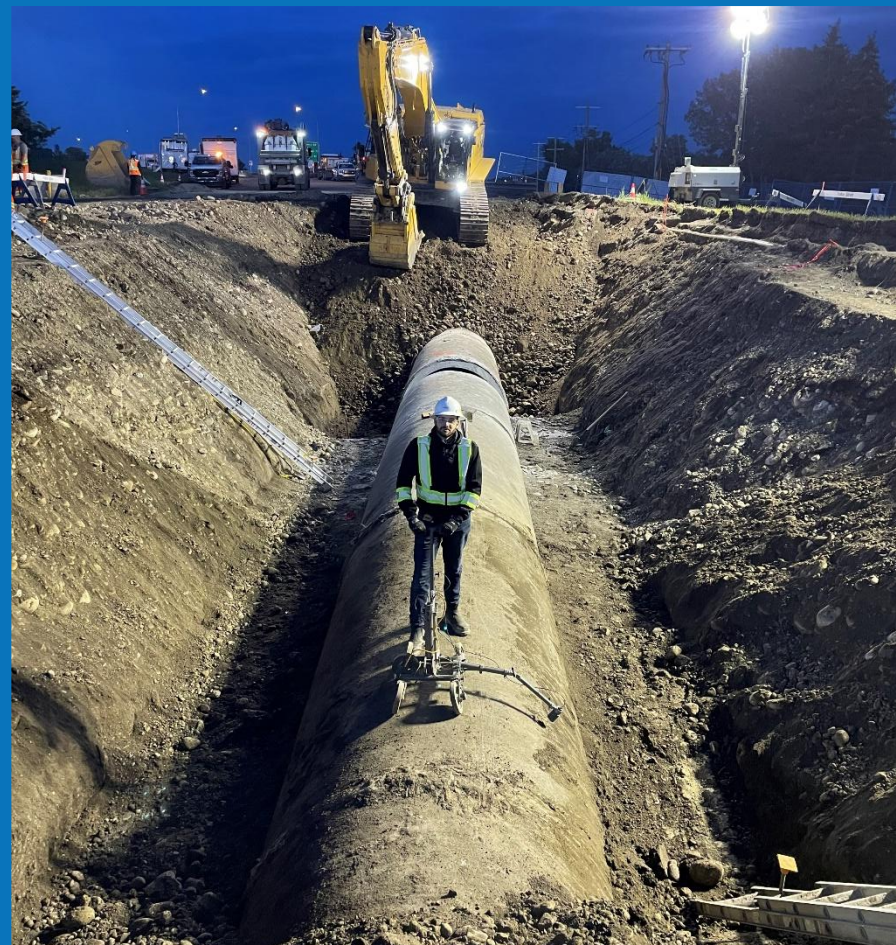




Looking back at Calgary's 1950mm (78") PCCP Feeder Main Failure

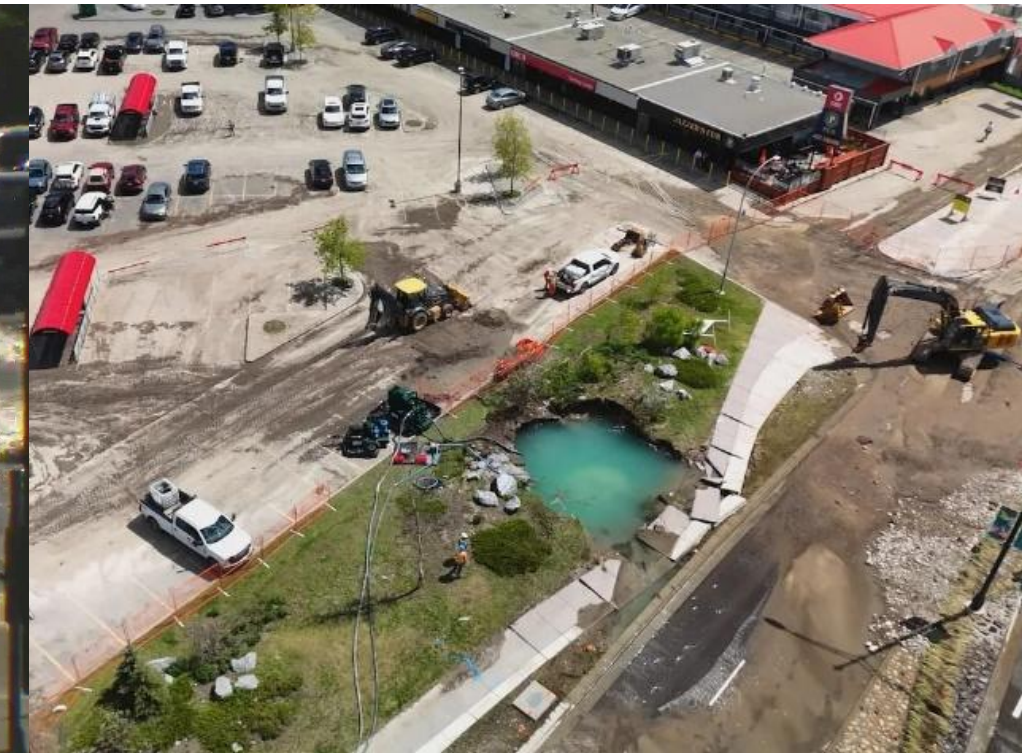
November 3, 2025



Presented by:
Justin Hebner
Pure Technologies Ltd., a Xylem brand



Recent PCCP Failures in Canada



AWWA C301 PCCP

- A prestressed wire is wrapped helically around the pipe and gives it the strength to withstand the pressure of the fluid inside.
- PCCP can range in size from 400mm (16") to 6m (20') diameter

Overall Performance of PCCP is Excellent

Large Diameter = High Risk

Technologies Available for Assessment



Notable Evolutions to PCCP Over the Years

1952

AWWA C301-52 permanent standard introduced
Initial conservatism from 1949 standard was increased. This more stringent standard led to the manufacturing of stronger pipe.

1960s

Competition in PCCP manufacturing increases

1970s

Competition results in shortcuts and exploitation of the manufacturing standard

1980s

Failures and loss confidence in product

1992

AWWA standard C304-92 increased the design basis complexity

Dramatically increased reliability of pipe manufactured from 1992

1997

Acoustic Monitoring introduced to "listen" acoustically for wire break events in PCCP

1942

First PCCP (LCP) is manufactured and installed to save steel for World War II

1953

First installation of embedded cylinder pipe (ECP)

1964

AWWA C301 standard changed to allow reduced minimum thickness and higher stress in design; enabled Class II wire.

1972

AWWA revised standard C301-72, allowing stronger steel wire; enabled Class III and Class IV wire.

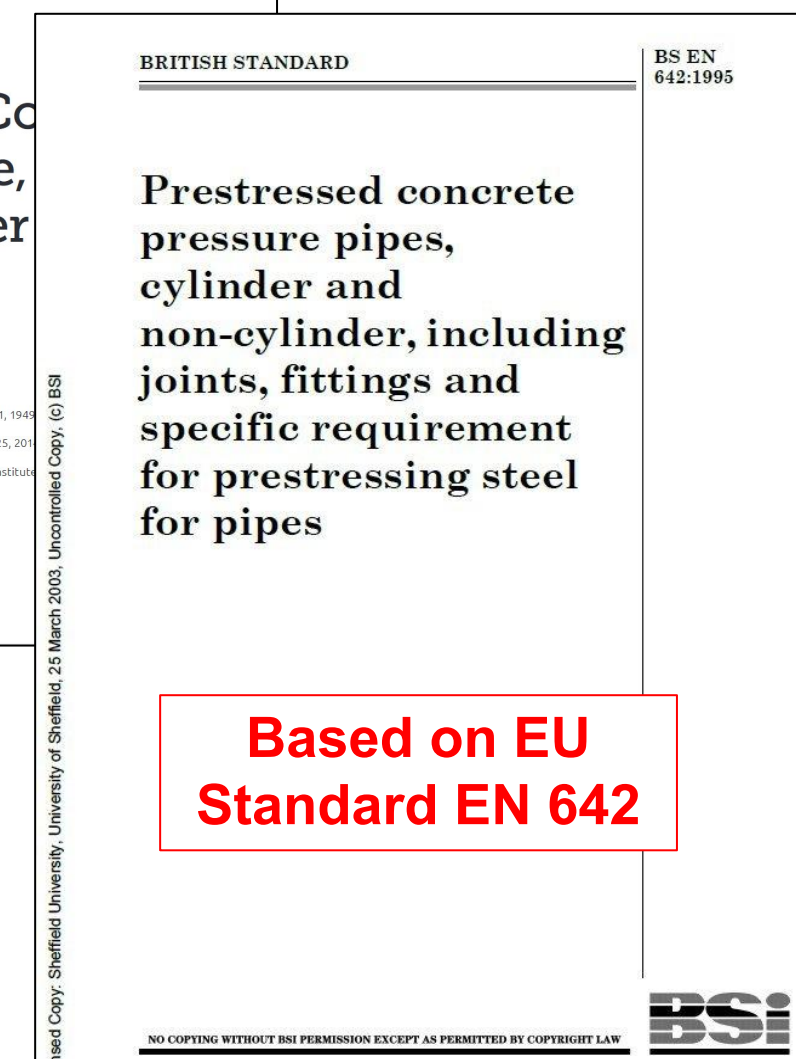
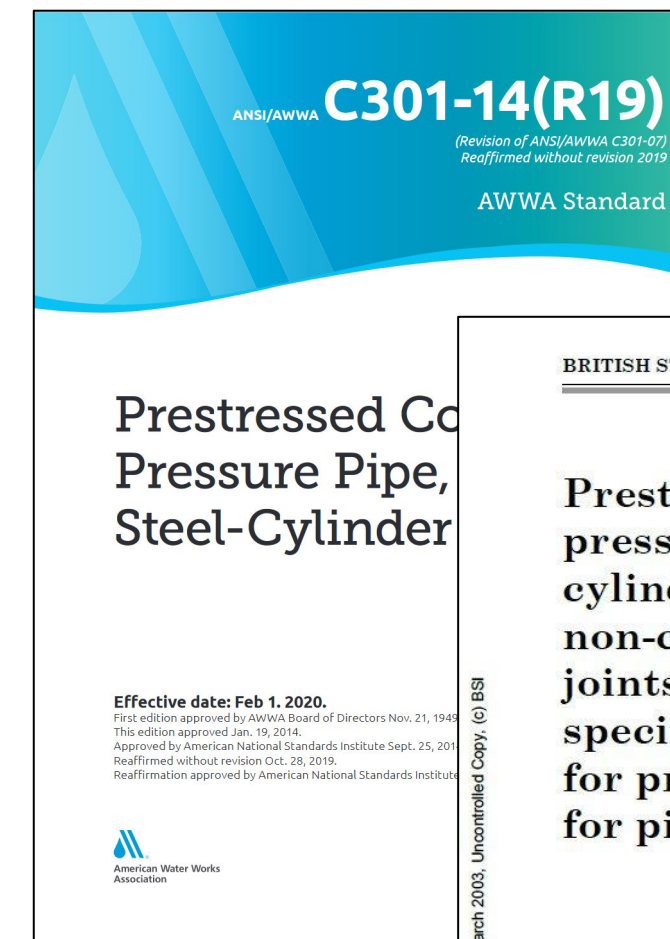
1984

AWWA revised standard C301-84, ending the provision for Class IV wire

1995

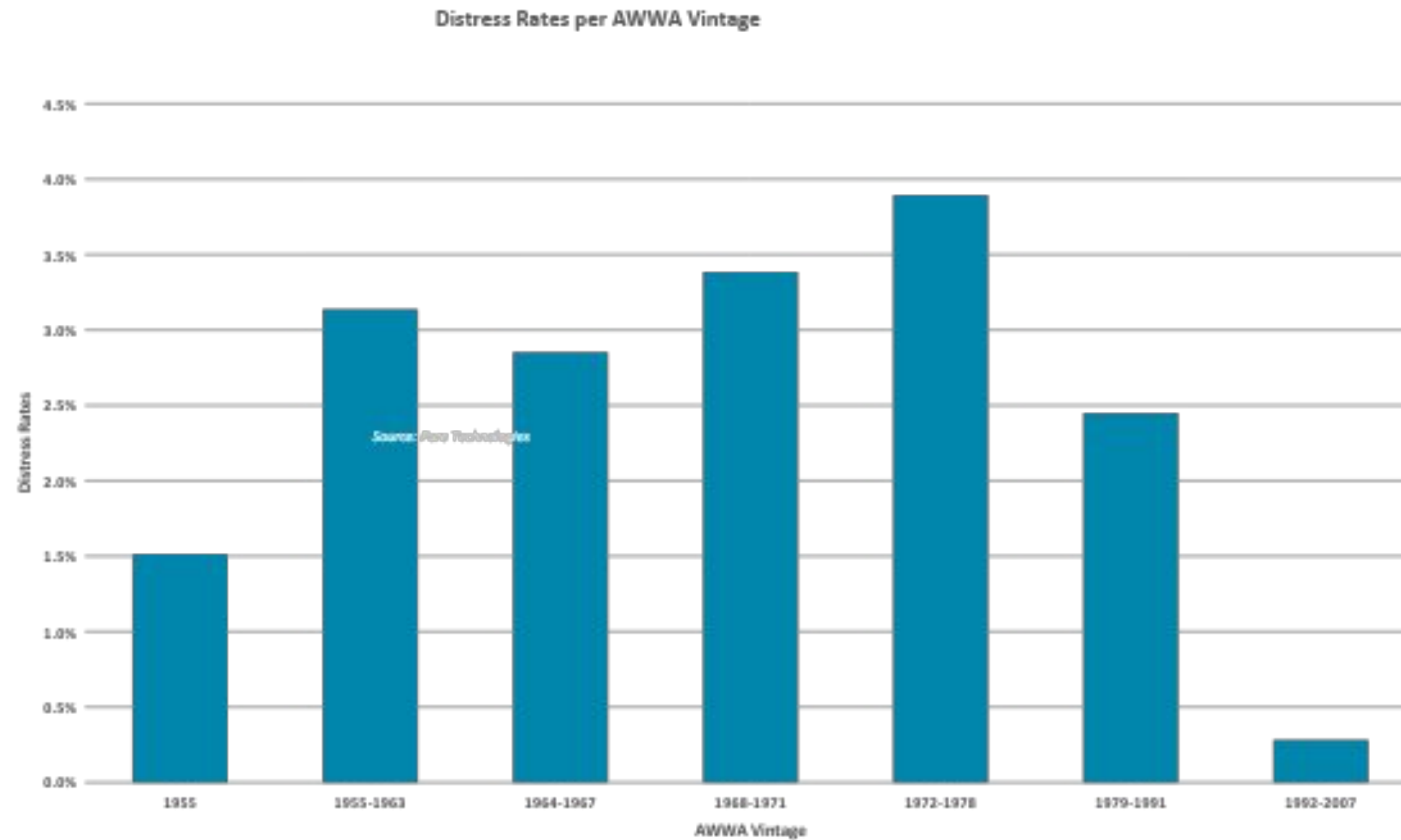
British Standard BS EN 642-1995

introduced for Prestressed concrete pressure pipes, cylinder and non-cylinder Pressure Pipe Inspection Company (later Pure Technologies) develops electromagnetic inspection tools to detect broken wires in PCCP



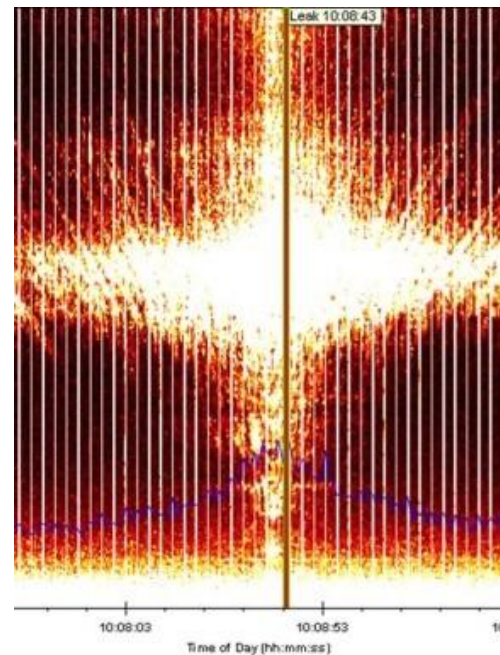
Based on EU Standard EN 642

Average PCCP distress rates

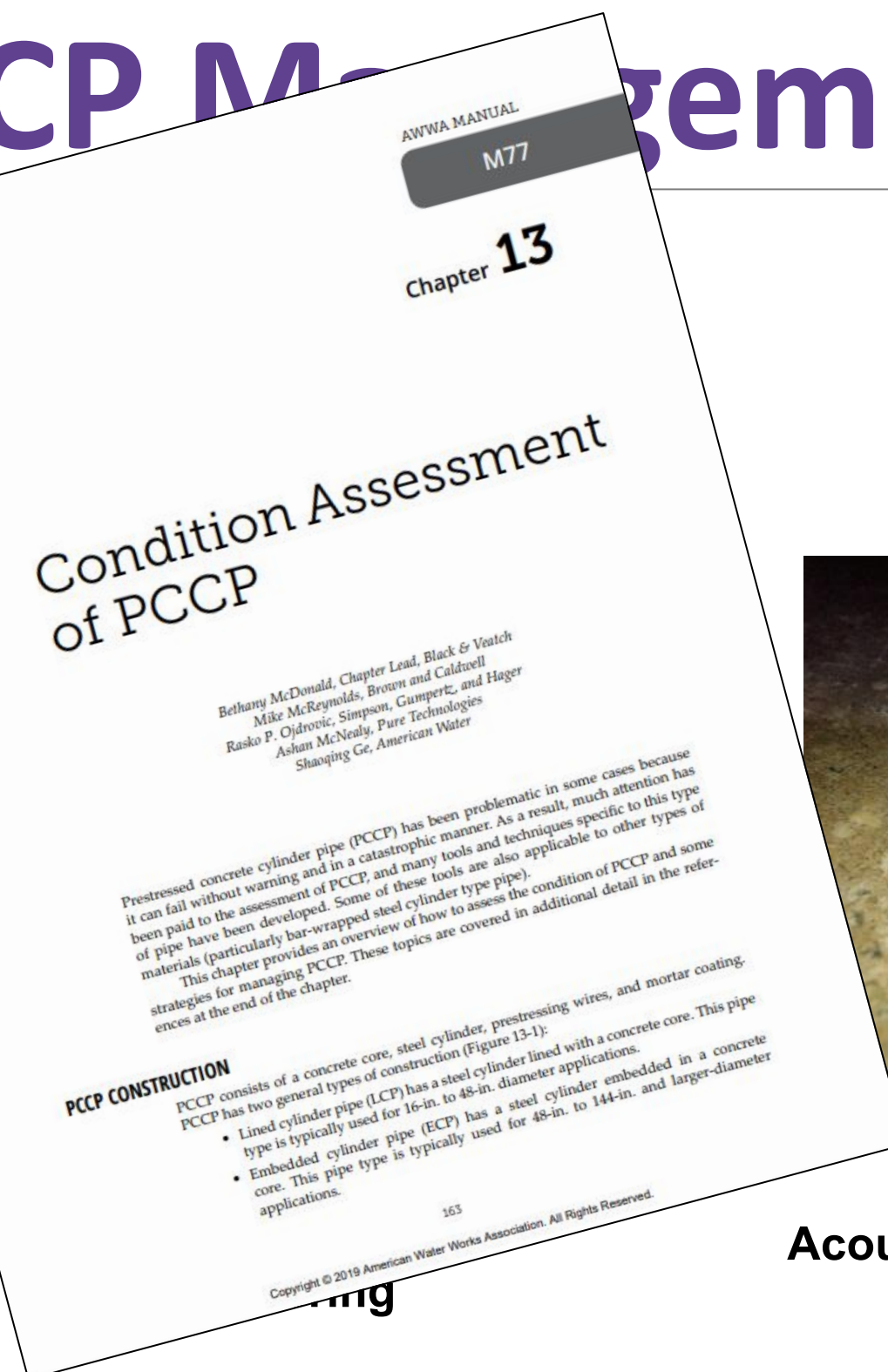
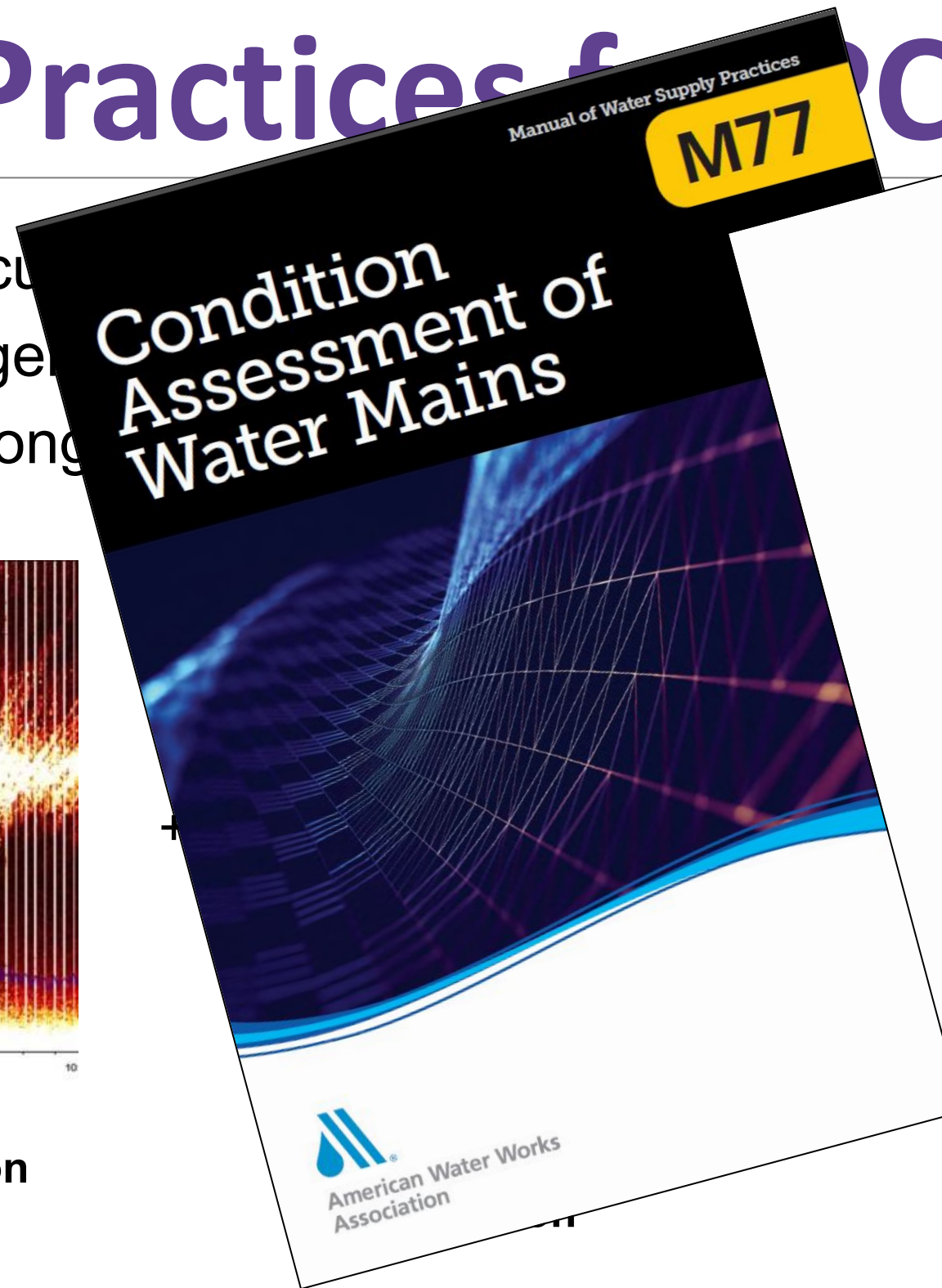


Best Practices for PCCP Management

1. Determine current condition
2. Address urgent issues
3. Monitor for ongoing issues

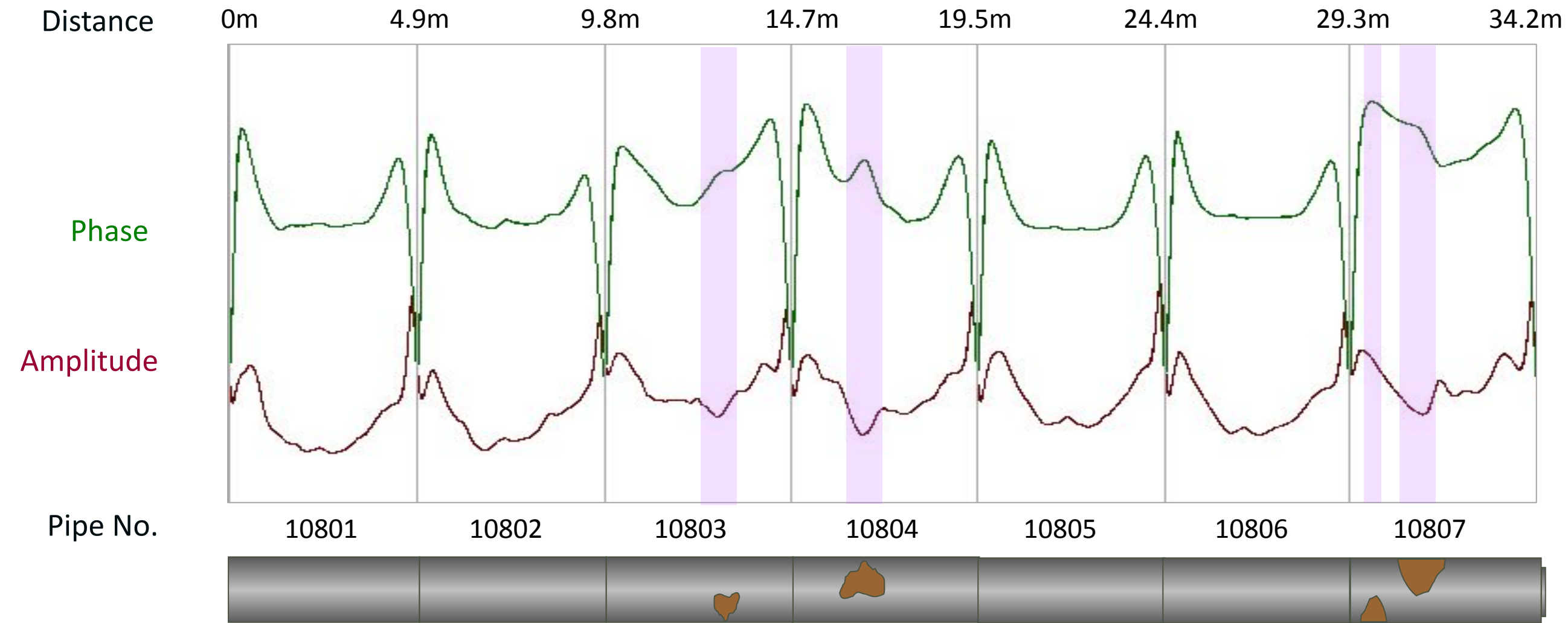


Leak Detection



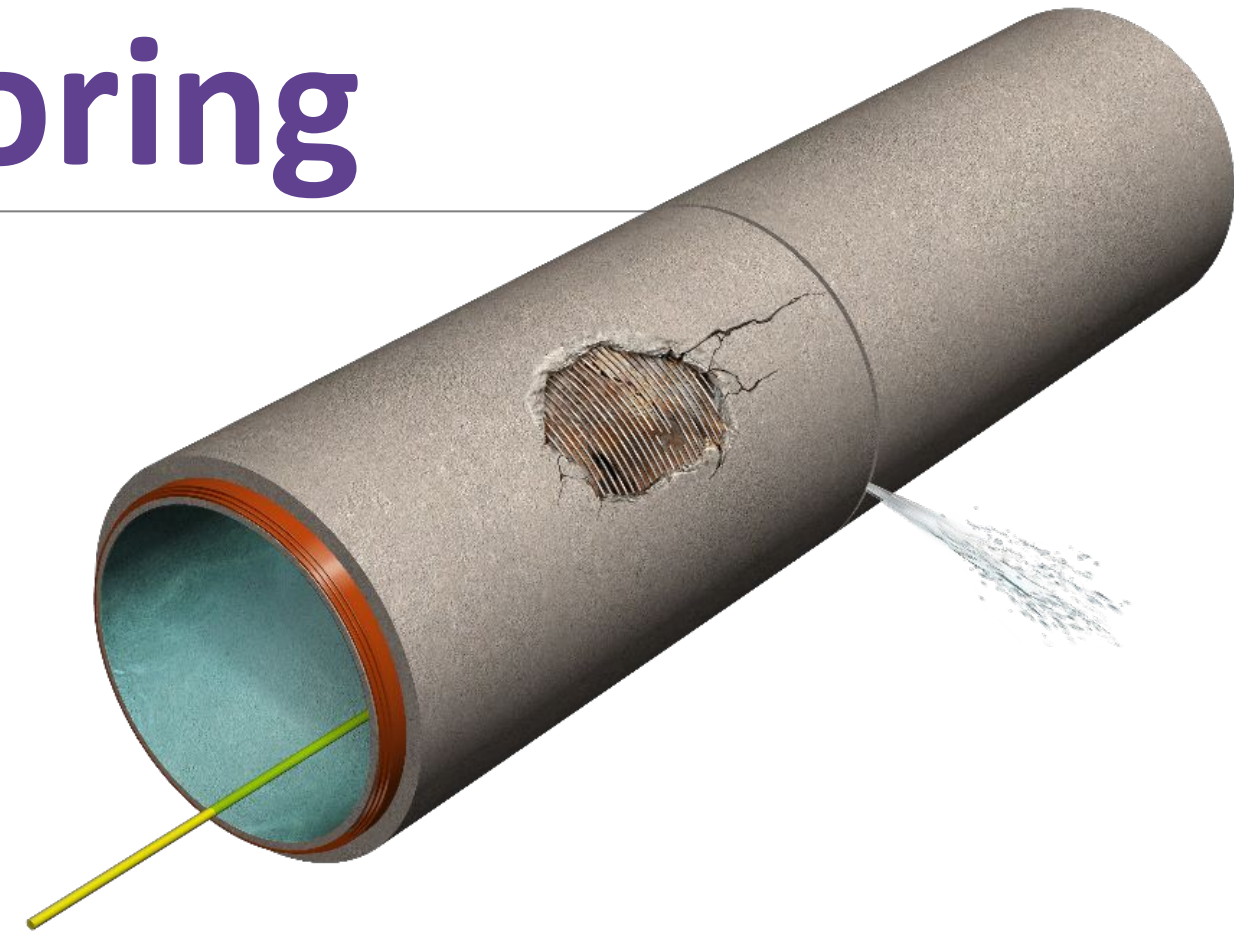
Acoustic Monitoring

Electromagnetic Data Analysis

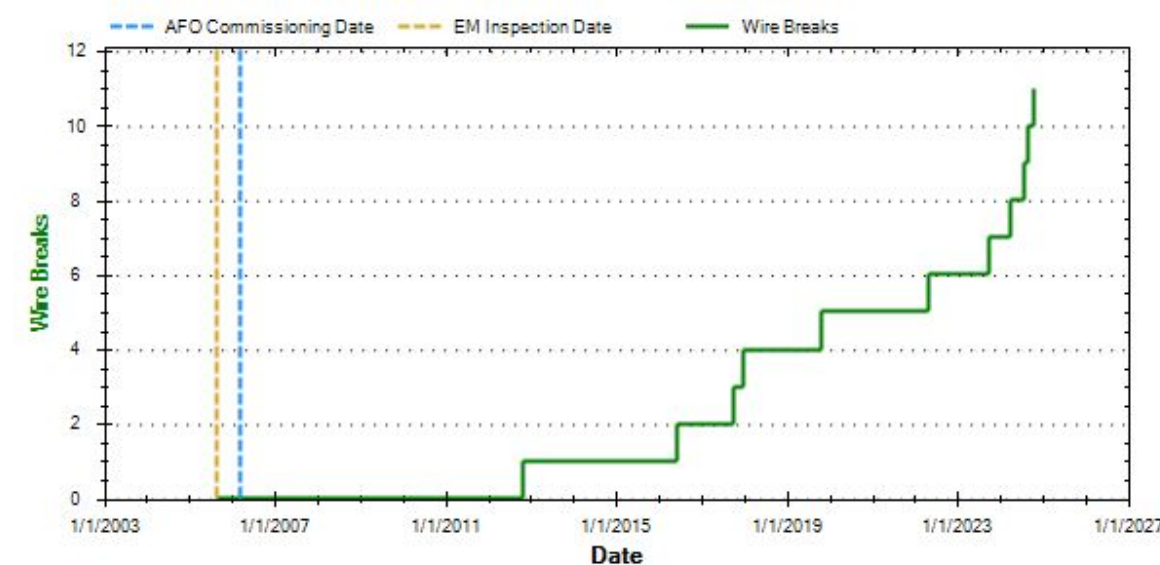


Continuous Acoustic Monitoring

- Electromagnetics provide a snapshot of PCCP distress
- Acoustic Monitoring detects Wire Breaks (WBs) in real time
- Use EM to get a starting point (baseline), then keep watching it with Acoustic Monitoring



D125-A	D126-A	D127-A												
A	A	A												
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0	0	0	0											
0	0	0	0											
0+3=3	0+11=11	0+2=2												
3	11	2												
2+675 (XYL)	2+682 (XYL)	2+684 (XYL)												



Calgary Bearspaw South Feeder Main

Failure and Emergency Response



2024 Failure – Bearspaw South Feeder Main

- On June 5, the 1950mm (78”) C301-E PCCP Bearspaw South Feeder Main failed
- Supplies up to 60% of City’s water – prompted Stage 4 Water Restrictions (53 days total)
- Condition assessment was scheduled for Fall 2024



Timeline

Robotic
Condition
Assessment

What happened?

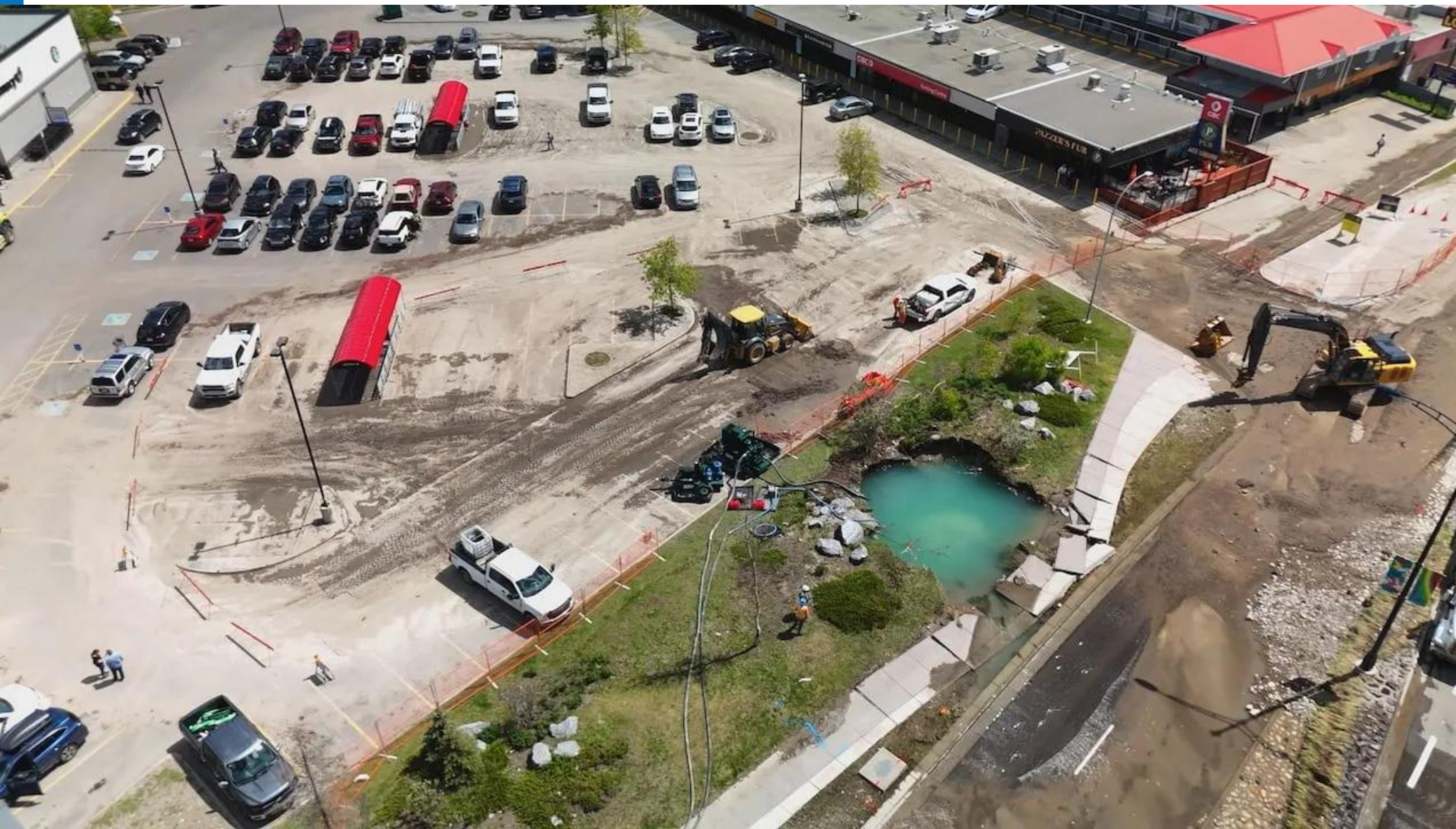
- June 5, 2024: BPSFM ca



EMERGENCY ALERT / ALERTE D'URGENCE

2m ago

This is an Alberta Emergency Alert. The City of Calgary has issued a critical water supply alert. This alert is in effect for the city of Calgary until further notice. A water main break along 16 Avenue NW has impacted the city's water supply. Supply levels have reached a critical state, affecting the city's ability to provide water to communities and ensure adequate water is available to support emergency fire suppression. All residents and businesses must conserve water. Do not shower or bath. Do not wash dishes, or run appliances that use water.



What happened?

- June 5, 2024: BPSFM catastrophic failure.
- Week of June 17: failure repaired; 5 “hot spots” identified/repaired.



What happened?

- June 5, 2024: BPSFM catastrophic failure.
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- July 5: BPSFM brought back into service; more assessment and monitoring system installed.



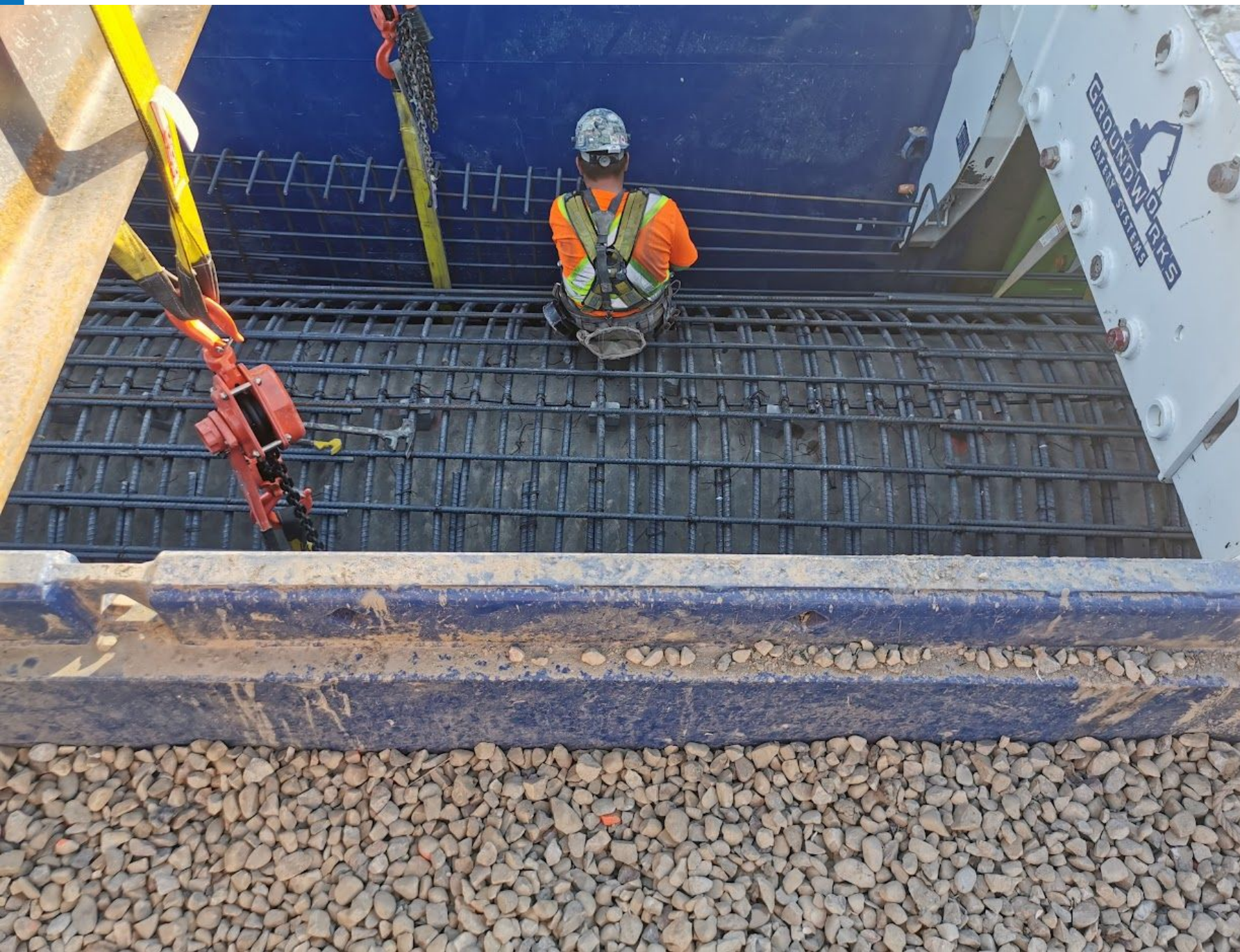
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What happened?

- June 5, 2024: BPSFM catastrophic failure.
- Week of June 17: failure repaired; 5 “hot spots” identified/repaired.
- July 5: BPSFM brought back into service; more assessment and monitoring system installed.
- August/September: additional repair work on 21 segments (identified by PipeDiver).
- Mid-October: 2 additional 1500mm segments (identified by PipeDiver) repaired (29 total).



Timeline

Robotic
Condition
Assessment

PipeDiver
Condition
Assessment

AFO
Monitoring
(Stage 1)

AFO
Monitoring
(Stage 2)

Going forward

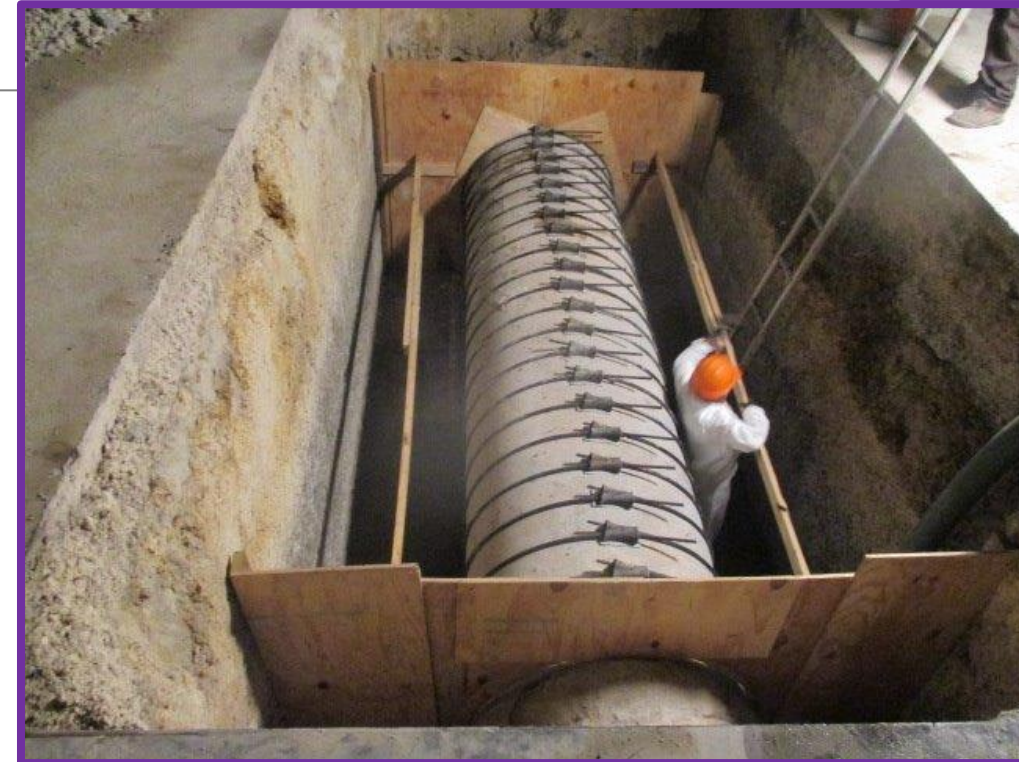
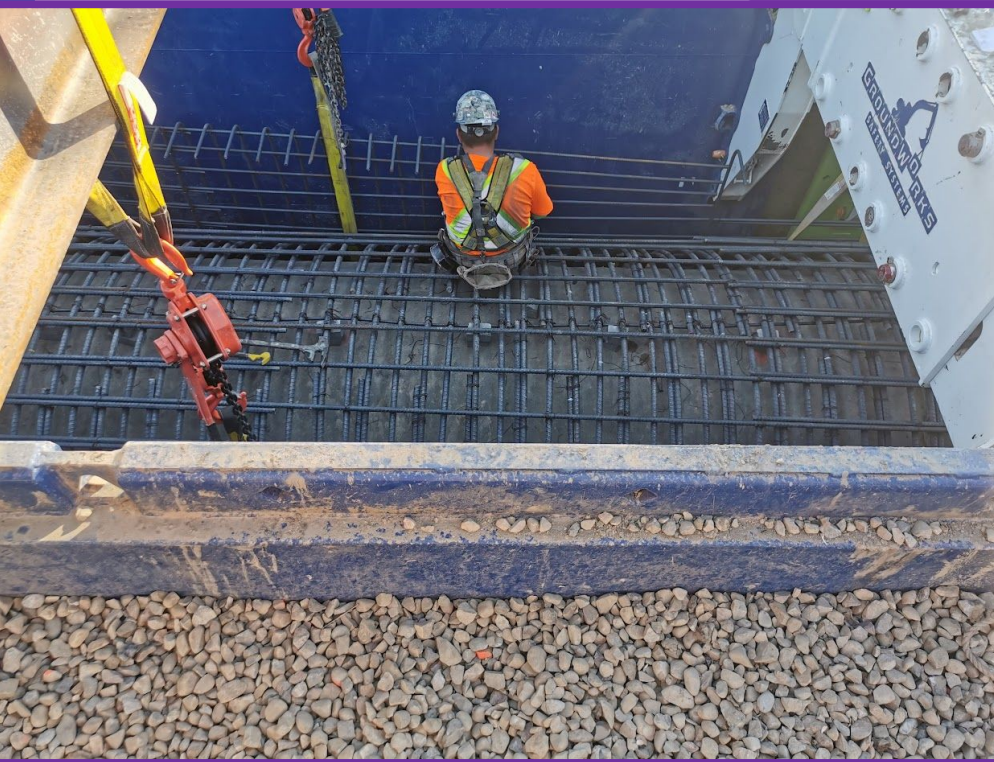
- 2024 failure leads to reconsideration of inspection efforts
 - Do not get complacent
 - Effort is worth it
- Make failures an opportunity (if possible)
 - Assess/Monitor as much as possible
 - Repair as much as possible
 - Review of preparedness for future emergencies
 - Collect as much info as possible (forensics)



How much?

23 locations

PCCP Repair Techniques





Justin Hebner
Pure Technologies Ltd., a Xylem brand
Justin.Hebner@xylem.com

