

Volatility is the Name of the Game: Ensuring Chemical Supply Continuity in Times of Uncertainty

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City of Toronto

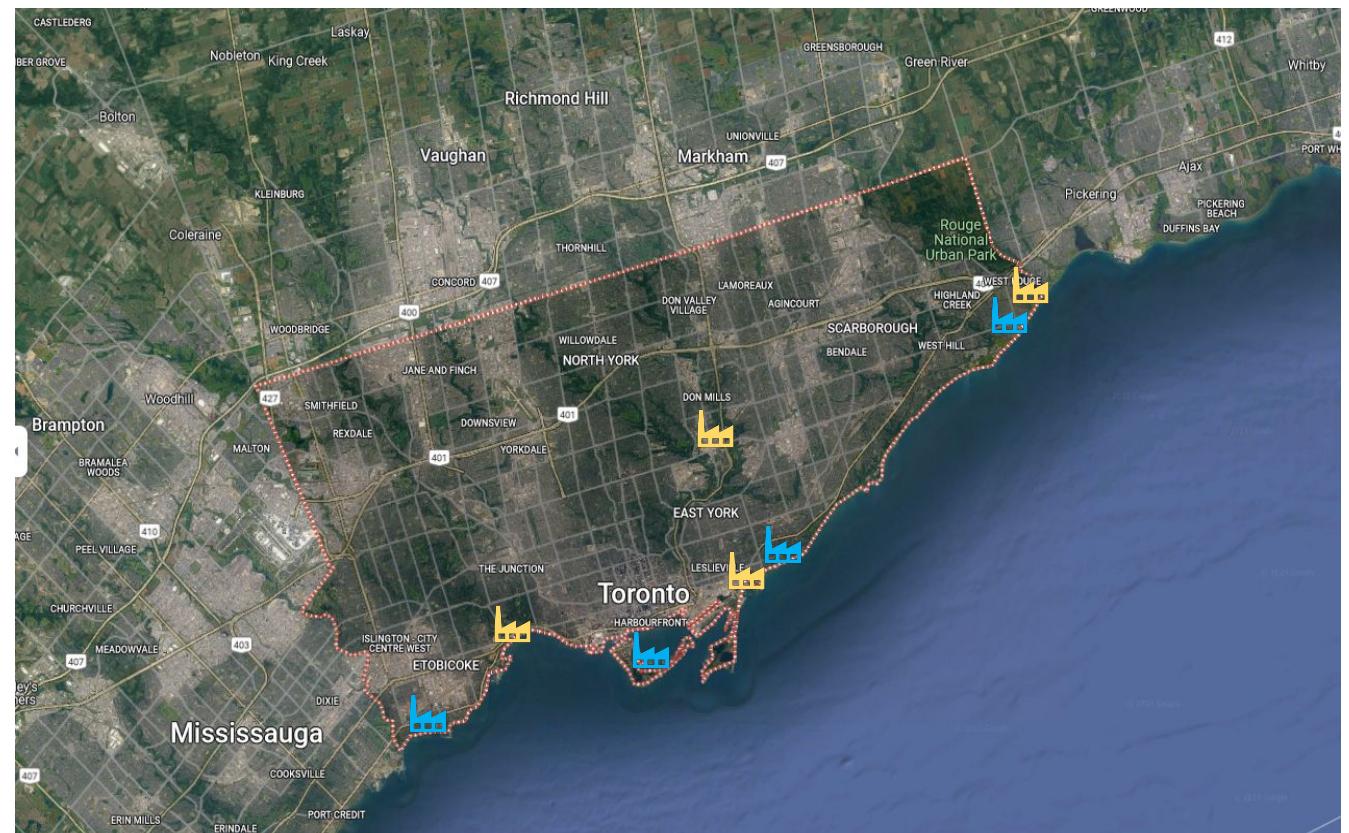
Toronto Water, Process Innovation & Energy Unit

CWWA NWWC
November 3, 2025





- Toronto is the fourth largest city in North America
- 4 drinking WTPs (2.8 BLD, 730 MGD), serves ~3.6 million people
- 4 WWTPs (1.554 BLD)
- Lake Ontario water source



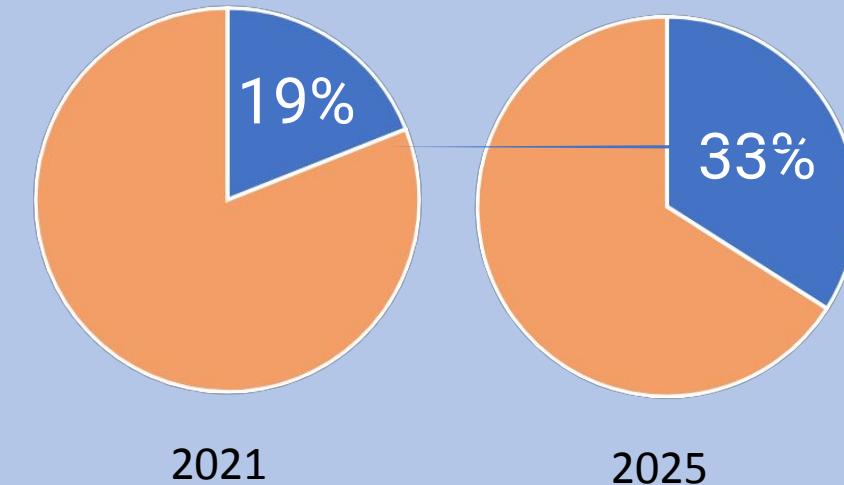
Treatment Chemicals

Water Treatment

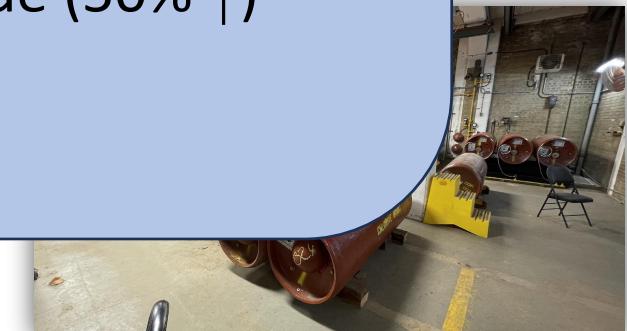
- Alum
- Ammonium
- Chlorine
- Hydrochloric acid
- Lime
- Phosphate
- Potassium
- Potassium
- Potassium
- Sodium
- Sulphur

Water Treatment & Supply Operating Budget

Water treatment chemicals



- Liquid chlorine (240% ↑)
- Aluminum sulphate (38% ↑)
- Phosphoric acid (48% ↑)
- Sulphur dioxide (50% ↑)



History: multi-year bulk chemical supply contracts

Contract structure:

- 2-year base term (fixed price)
- 3 x 1-year option periods, unit price adjusted based on blended index

Some chemical contracts still following this structure

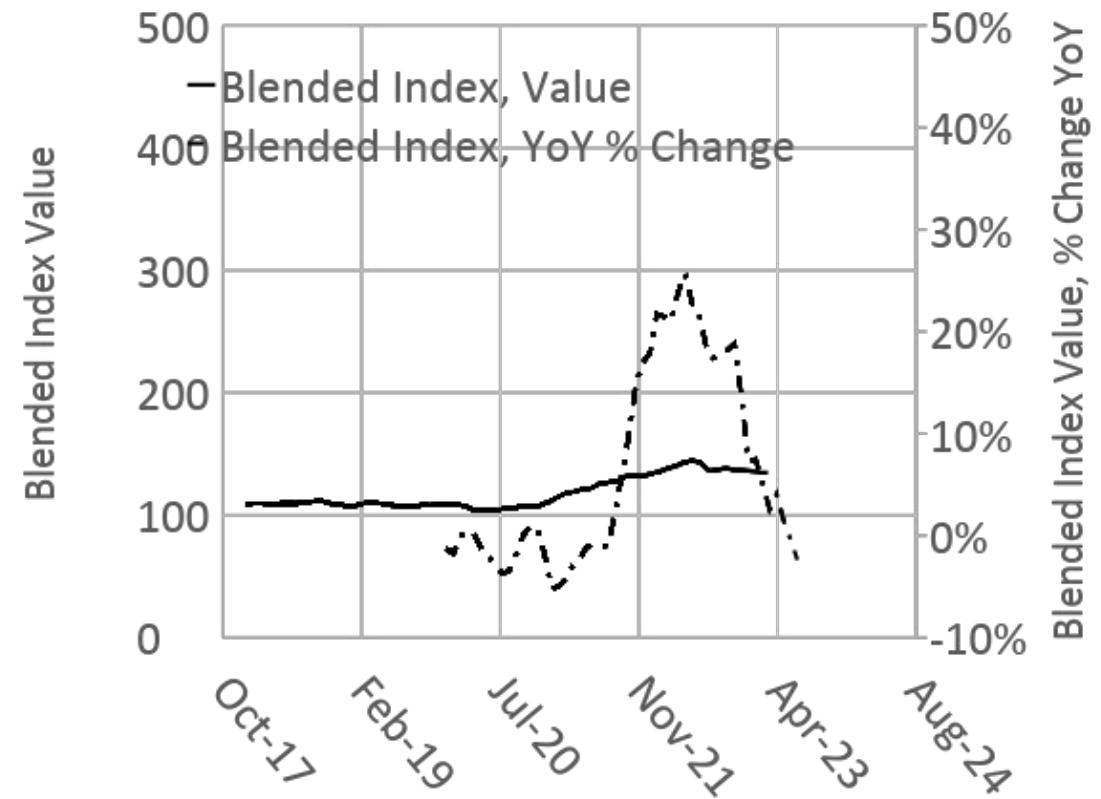


$$\text{Blended Index} = (80\% \times \text{IPPI}_{\text{All Items}}) + (20\% \times \text{CPI}_{\text{Transportation, Ontario}})$$

$$\text{Blended Index} = (80\% \times \text{IPPI}_{\text{Chemicals}}) + (20\% \times \text{CPI}_{\text{Transportation, Ontario}})$$

Option Year Unit Price Adjustment

- Blended Index YoY adjustment has historically been around 1-3%
- 2021: negative
- 2022: 14.4 - 24%
- Blended index was not representative of market conditions
- Vendors no longer want to commit to firm pricing for more than 1 year (in 2022, 1-6 months)

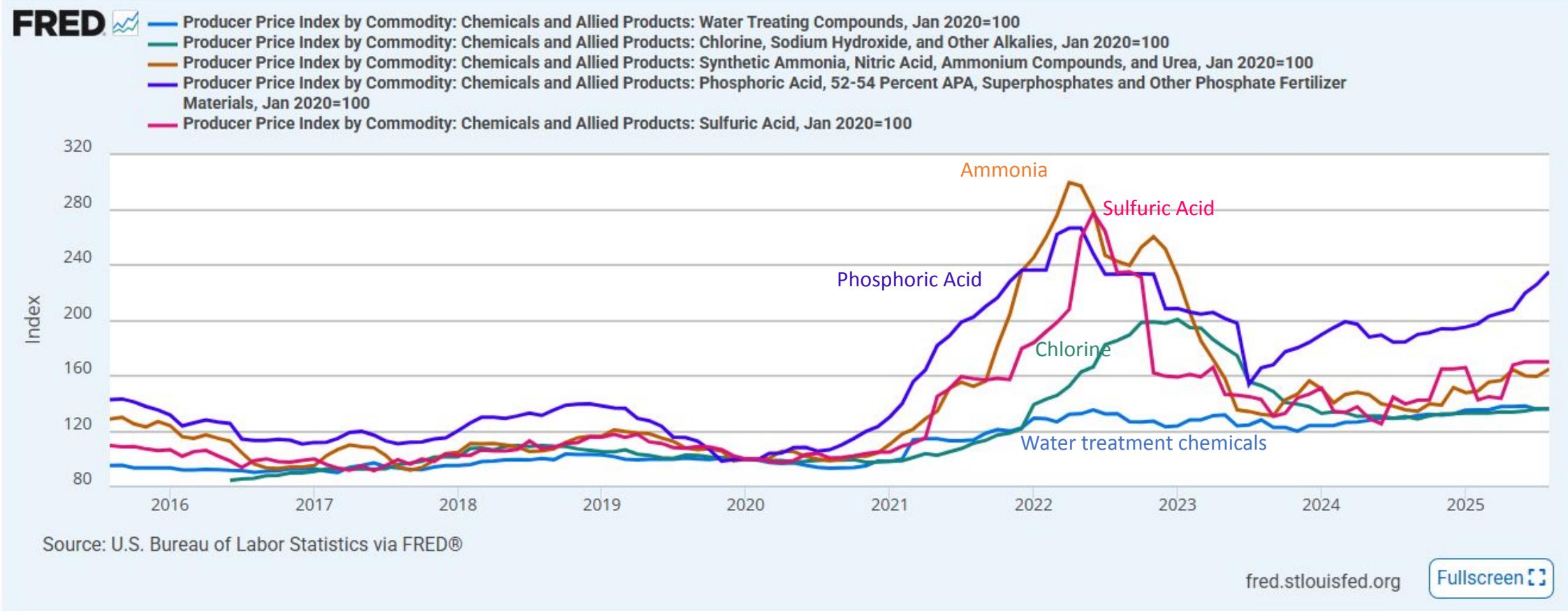


Blended Index = IPPI(Chemicals)x80% + CPI(Transportation, Ontario)x20%

Chemical-Specific Price Indices



U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS



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BY REBECCA TRAGER | 4 APRIL 2025



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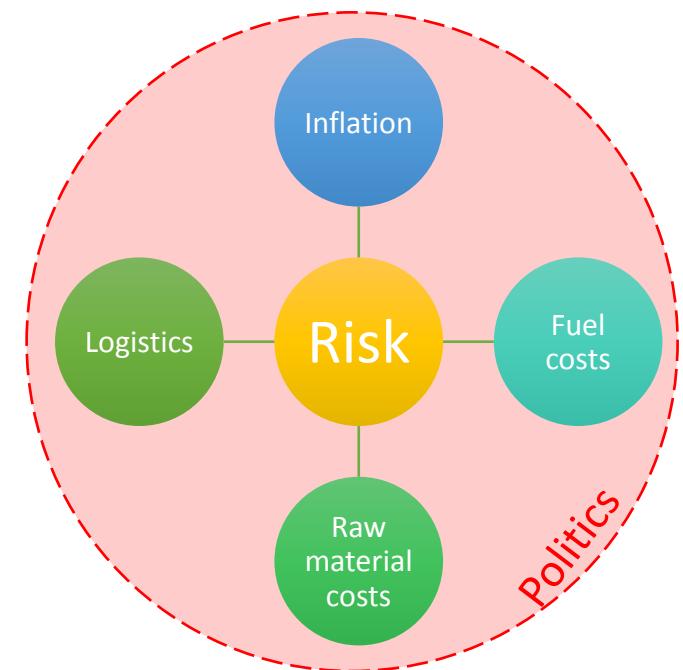
New Survey Finds Persistent Supply Chain Problems Deeply Impacted Chemical Manufacturers

Jan 10, 2022 | Read time: 7 minutes | Press Release

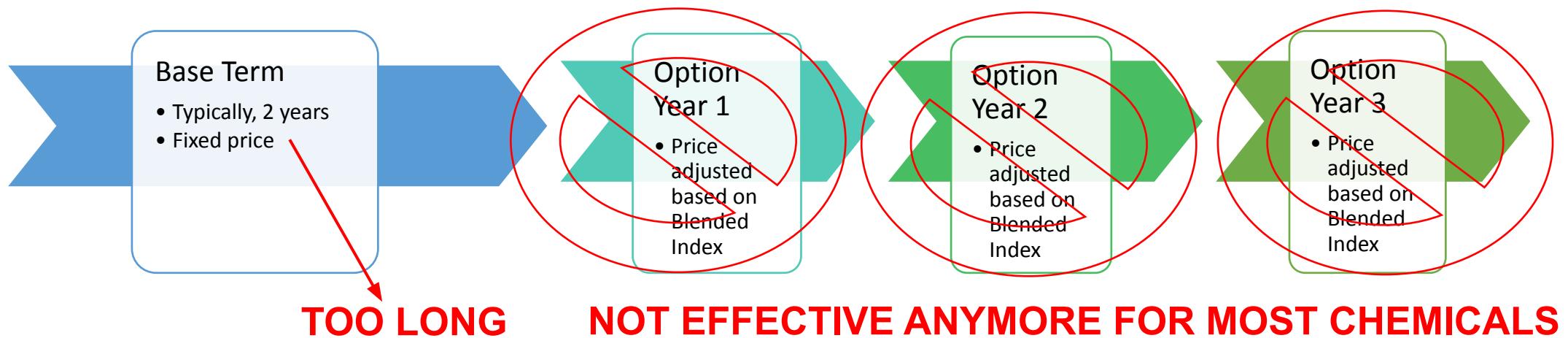
Complex Web of Economic Factors

Economic factors impacting markets at the same time:

- High levels of cost **inflation**
- **Supply/demand imbalance**
- Historic highs in key **raw material prices**
 - Shortages, supply chain disruptions, instability caused by the war in Eastern Europe and sanctions against Russia
- Increases in **logistics** costs
 - Rising **fuel costs**
 - Ocean freight delays due to slow movements in and out of ports and shortages of containers, truck and drivers, labour disruptions impacting ports and railways
- US tariffs / potential Canadian reciprocal **tariffs?**
 - Varying municipal/provincial mandates to buy Canadian



Current Strategy: 1-year renewals



- 1-year contracts, with no option to extend for each chemical where no chemical-specific price index identified (alum, PACL, phosphoric, fluoride, chlorine)
- Exception where we've been able to tie price to a chemical-specific index (aqua ammonia), or for contracts requiring onsite trials (polymers)

Effective... however, increased procurement resources required

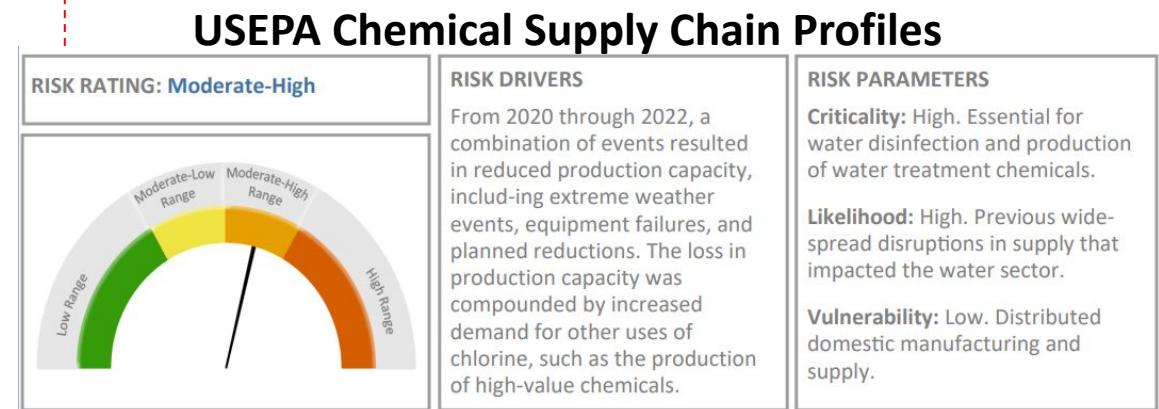
- Further modify contract type/structure to reduce procurement resources?

| Options being considered... | Issues/Roadblocks... |
|--|--|
| Implement a vendor of record/chemical vendor roster | City contract award value limit makes this impractical (but being investigated) |
| 1-year RFQs with Option Years where price is negotiated | Legal concerns; timing for re-tendering is challenging if going back out to market |
| Negotiated RFPs | Extended time period to award (being investigated) |

Where are we at most risk? Chemical Procurement Summary

- Compiled a repository of recent past procurements:
 - Bidders/suppliers & manufacturers
 - Pricing
 - Raw materials used and source location
 - Means of transportation
 - Procurement issues experienced
 - Alternative chemical options
 - Risk rating for supply

- Major risk factors identified:
 - Only one historical vendor available or participating
 - Critical chemicals that have experienced supply impacts, where there are no easy alternatives to switch to



Where are we at most risk?

Chemical Procurement Summary

Chemical Supply Risk Assessment

Summary

| Chemical | Facilities | | | | Contract Cycle | Criticality | Dependence | Risk | | | | Prepared | Reviewed |
|----------|------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------------------|-------------|------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|----------|----------|
| | FHA | FHO | FCL | FIS | | | | Competition Risk (40%) | Market Volatility Risk (40%) | US Tariff Risk (20%) | Overall Risk | | |
| | X | X | X | X | April - March | High | High | 10 | 8 | 4 | VERY HIGH | AH | SW |
| | X | X | X | X | December - November | Medium | High | 10 | 6 | 1 | MODERATE | AH | SW & EZ |
| | X | X | X | X | January - December | High | Medium | 2 | 3 | 1 | MODERATE | AH | SW |
| | | | X | | November - October | Medium | High | 6 | 6 | 8 | MODERATE | RV | SW |
| | | X | | X | January - December | High | Low | 8 | 3 | 3 | MODERATE | AH | SW |
| | X | X | X | | July - June | High | Low | 3 | 4 | 2 | MODERATE-LOW | AH | SW |
| | | X | X | | | Medium | Low | 9 | 6 | 3 | MODERATE-LOW | AH | SW |
| | X | X | | X | January - December | High | Medium | 6 | 1 | 1 | MODERATE-LOW | RV | SW |
| | X | | | | January - June | Low | Low | 4 | 1 | 8 | LOW | RV | SW |
| | X | | | | February 23 - February 28 | Medium | Medium | 8 | 1 | 1 | MODERATE-LOW | SW | AH |
| | X | X | X | X | October - September | High | Medium | 6 | 6 | 6 | MODERATE | SW | AH |
| | X | | | | January - June | High | Low | 5 | 5 | 7 | MODERATE | RV | SW |
| | | X | | | January - June | High | Low | 5 | 5 | 7 | MODERATE | RV | SW |
| | | | X | | January - July | High | Low | 5 | 5 | 7 | MODERATE | RV | SW |

| Chemical | Facilities | | | | Contract Cycle | Criticality | Dependence | Risk | | | | Prepared | Reviewed |
|----------|------------|-----|-----|-----|--------------------|-------------|------------|------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------|----------|
| | TAB | THC | THR | TNT | | | | Competition Risk (40%) | Market Volatility Risk (40%) | US Tariff Risk (20%) | Overall Risk | | |
| | X | X | X | X | January - December | High | Low | 10 | 7 | 1 | MODERATE-HIGH | RV | SA/EZ |
| | X | X | X | X | January - December | High | Medium | 6 | 1 | 1 | MODERATE-LOW | RV | SA/EZ |

Other Approaches for Mitigating Supply Risks

1. Optimization (use less chemical)



2. Encourage more market participation

- Engage with past and current suppliers about entering a new market
- Reconsider contract structure to allow for award to multiple vendors
 - Award on a per plant basis
 - Guarantee portion of supply to multiple suppliers



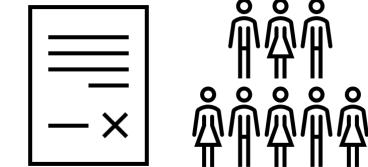
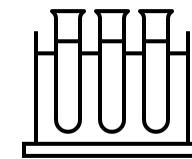
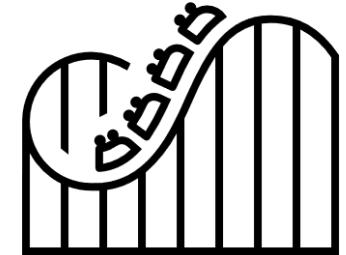
Other Approaches for Mitigating Supply Risks

3. Identify / evaluate alternative chemical options

- If a supply disruption happens, what options do we have?
 - What other chemicals could we use, who supplies them, is our equipment compatible?
- Confirm feasibility through bench-, pilot-, full-scale trials
- Recent examples
 - Evaluate other forms of chlorine (sodium hypo, onsite generation)
 - Piloting biological phosphorus removal

Considerations Moving Forward

- Remain focused on our chemical procurement objectives:
 1. Continuous supply of high-quality product
 2. Pay a fair market price; safeguard taxpayer dollars
 3. Balance risk between both parties / encourage competitive bids
 4. Minimize contract procurement/ management resource requirements



Considerations Moving Forward

- Allow for price adjustment to align with the market price
 - Chemical-specific price index
 - Renew contract on an increased frequency
 - Currently renewing 1 year supply contracts
- Maintain communications with vendors; they know their markets
- Maintain communications with neighbouring utilities; we are in this together



Questions?

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