



Flood Risk Mitigation Strategy for the Lower Cove Loop Sewer System

Client: City of Saint John

Consultant: CBCL

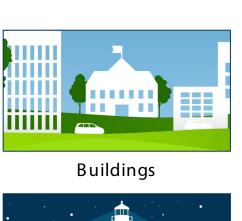
November 9, 2022

(In)novative Solutions

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We consider the short and longterm social, environmental, and sustainable effectiveness of every project. Our teams deliver in excess of 1,500 projects a year in multiple sectors.











Bridges

Climate Resilience





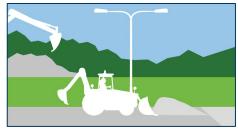


Coastal

Environmental

Geotechnical







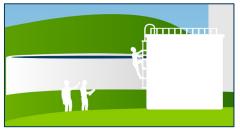
Industrial

Municipal

Ports & Marine







Sustainability

Transportation

Water

Project Background



SAINT JOHN

Situation Plan: Lower Cove Loop

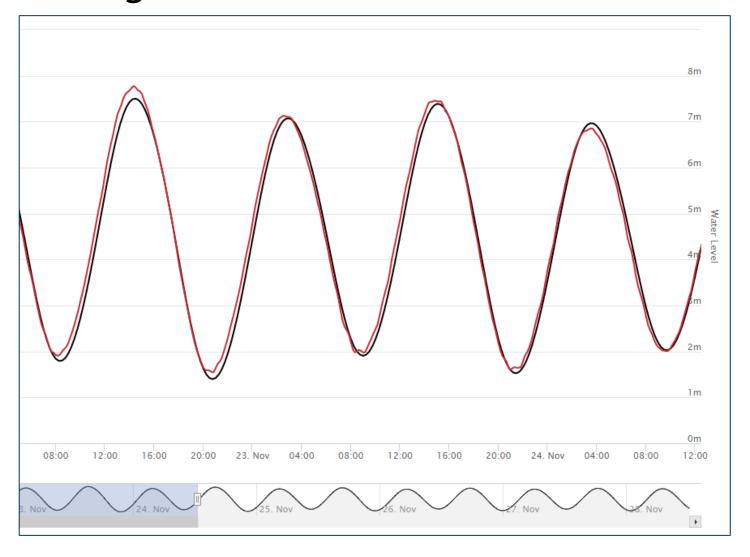




Saint John Harbour Tidal Range Station #65

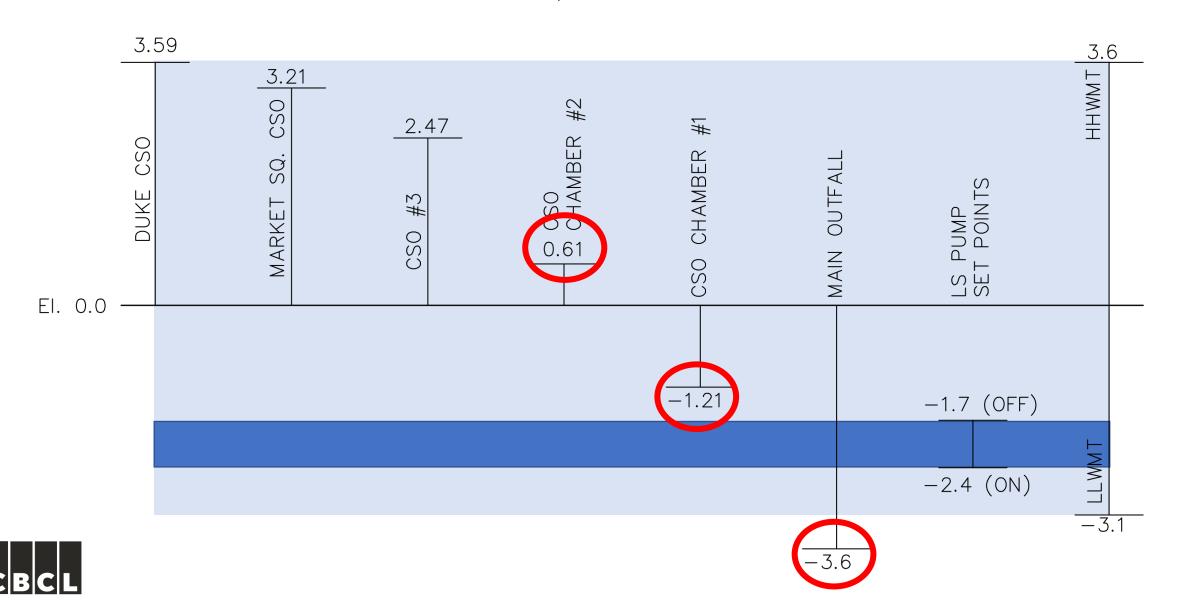
(Current Conditions)

Tide	CGVD28 (m)	
Highest Astronomical Tide (HAT)	4.8	
Higher High Water Large Tide (HHWLT)	4.6	
Higher High Water Mean Tide (HHWMT)	3.6	
Mean Water Level (MWL)	0.3	
Lower Low Water Mean Tide (LLWMT)	-3.1	
Lower Low Water Large Tide (LLWLT)	-4.1	
Lowest Astronomical Tide (LAT)	-4.2	





Lower Cove Loop Sewer: Key Elevations



Estimated Increased Energy Usage to Pump Tidewater

Lift	Volume per	Increased Energy	Increased Energy
Station	High Tide	Used per High Tide	Used per Year
	(m³)	(kWh)	(kWh)
SLS No. 9	1200	109	77,500
SLS No. 8	1200	105	74,000
SLS No. 4	1200	173	123,000
Total	1200	387	275,000



Predicted Saint John Tidal Range Station #65 (Future Conditions)

Tide	Current CGVD28 (m)	2050 SLR ¹ CGVD28 (m)	2100 Intermediate SLR ² CGVD28 (m)	2100 High SLR³ CGVD28 (m)
Highest Astronomical Tide (HAT)	4.8	5.1	5.7	6.3
Higher High Water Large Tide (HHWLT)	4.6	4.9	5.5	6.2
Higher High Water Mean Tide (HHWMT)	3.6	3.9	4.4	5.1
Mean Water Level (MWL)	0.3	0.6	1.2	1.8
Lower Low Water Mean Tide (LLWMT)	-3.1	-2.7	-2.2	-1.5
Lower Low Water Large Tide (LLWLT)	-4.1	-3.8	-3.3	-2.6



¹ - Sea Level Rise: 0.31 metres sea level rise to 2050 (RCP 8.5)

² - Moderate Sea Level Rise: 0.86 metres sea level rise to 2100 (RCP 8.5)

³ - High Sea Level Rise: 1.51 metres sea level rise to 2100 (RCP 8.5 + Antarctic Ice Sheet Scenario)

Field Programs

- Drone Inspections
- Flow Metering Program
- Salinity Testing
- Water Level
 Measurements
- CSO Chamber Inspections

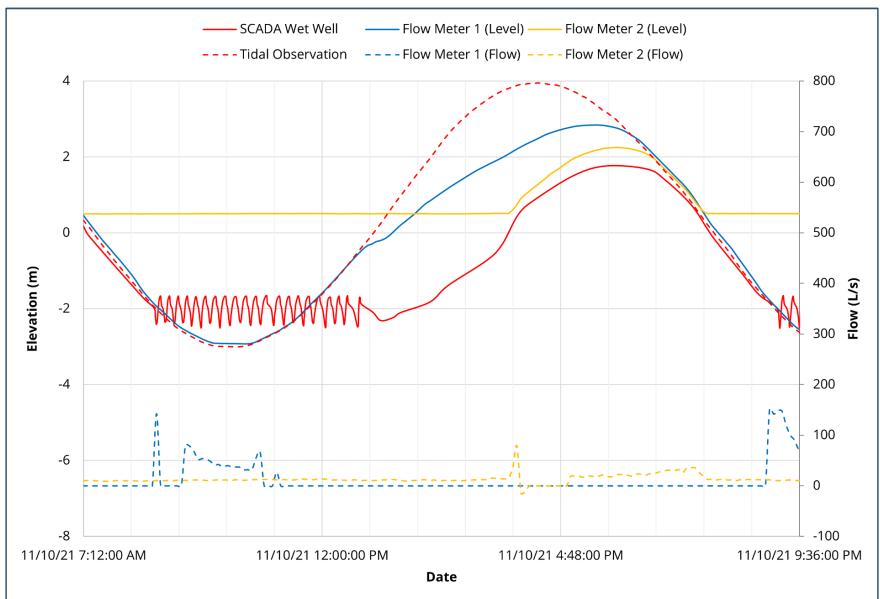






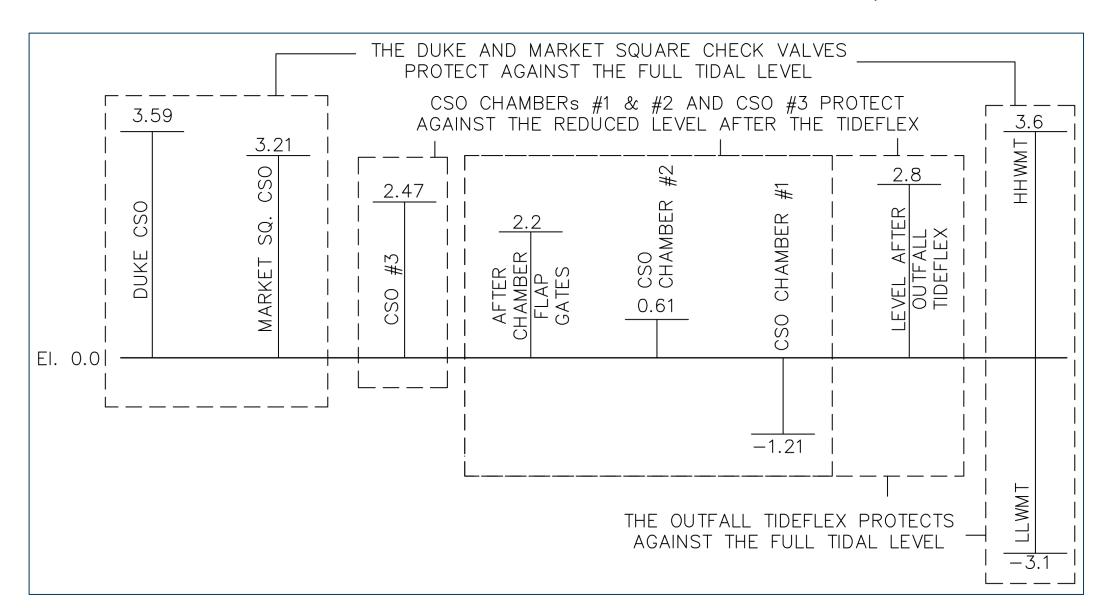


Dry Weather





Tides compared to CSO Thresholds and Sewer System



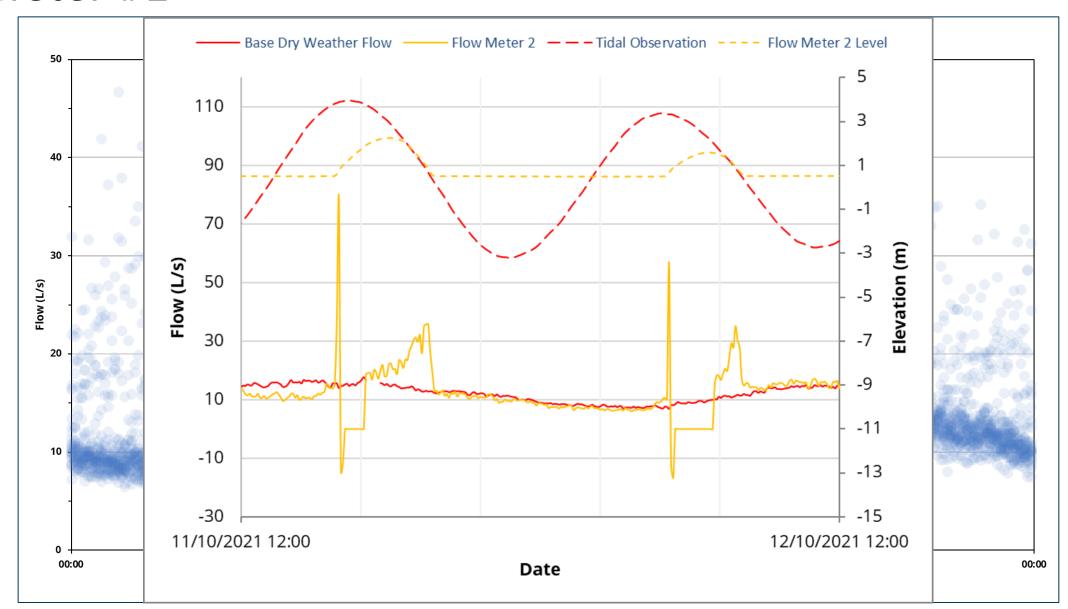


CSO Thresholds and Sea Level Rise

Location	Threshold Elevation (m)	Present Exceedance	2100 Intermediate SLR Exceedance
CSO Chamber #1	-1.21	66%	77%
		(5,762 hrs/yr)	(6,777 hrs/yr)
CSO Chamber #2	0.61	46%	55%
C30 Chamber #2		(4,034 hrs/yr)	(4,838 hrs/yr)
CSO #3	2.47	22%	34%
		(1,899 hrs/yr)	(3,001 hrs/yr)
Duke Street CSO	3.59	3.1%	17%
		(273 hrs/yr)	(1460hrs/yr)
Market Square CSO	3.21	7.8%	24%
		(686 hrs/yr)	(2,067 hrs/yr)
SLS No. 9 Wet Well Cover	5.4	0%	0.1%
		(0 hrs/yr)	(2.2 hrs/yr)
SLS No. 9 Control	F	0%	0.1%
Building Slab	5.5	(0 hrs/yr)	(0.5 hrs/yr)

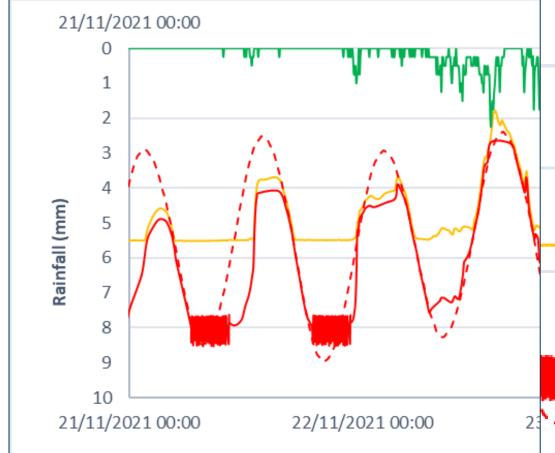


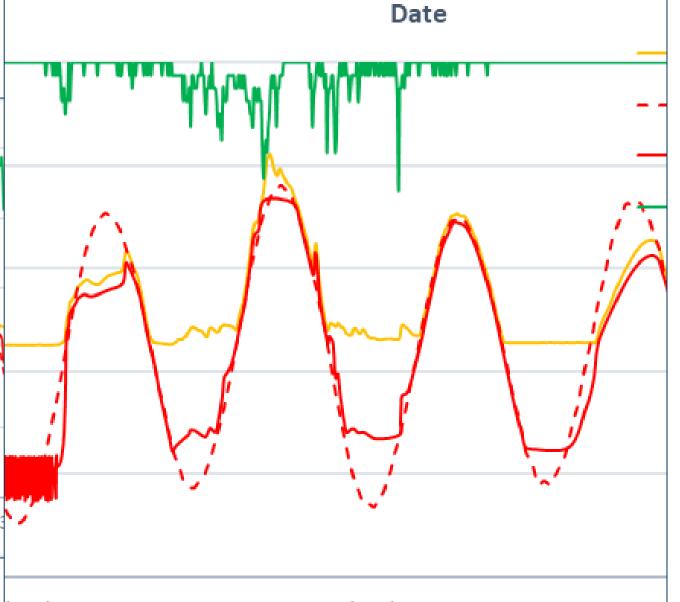
Flow Meter #2





Wet Weather Flows





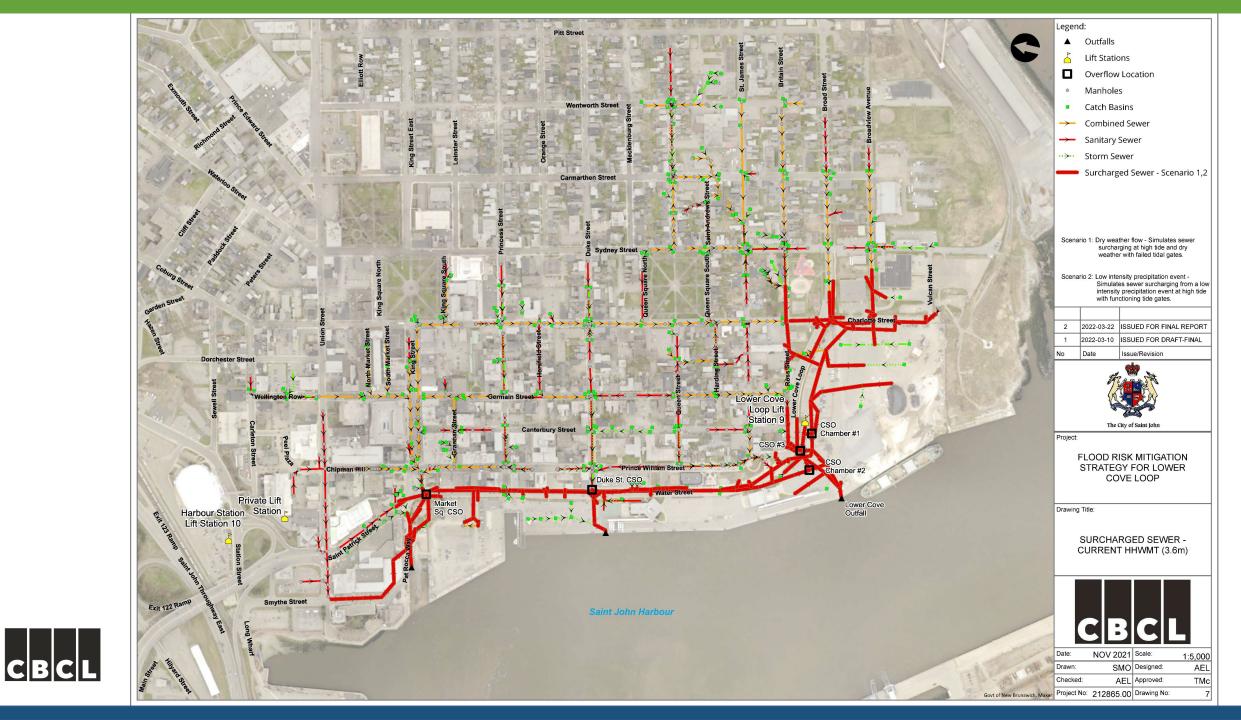


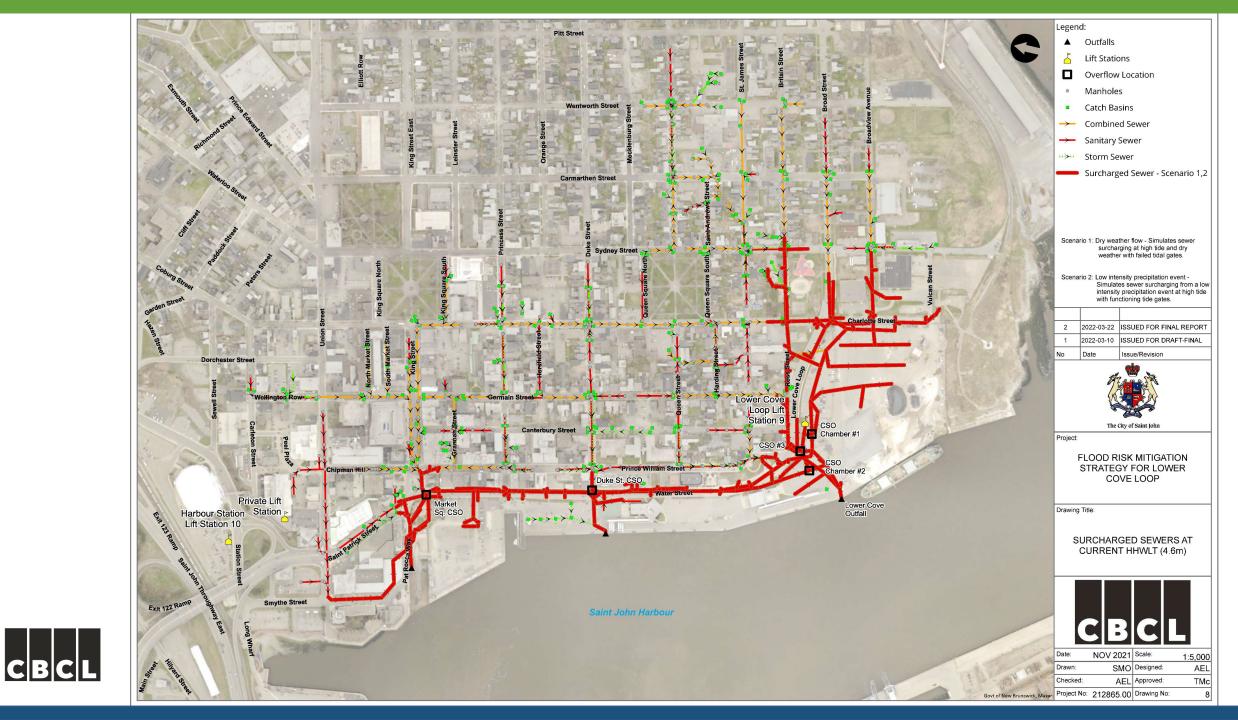
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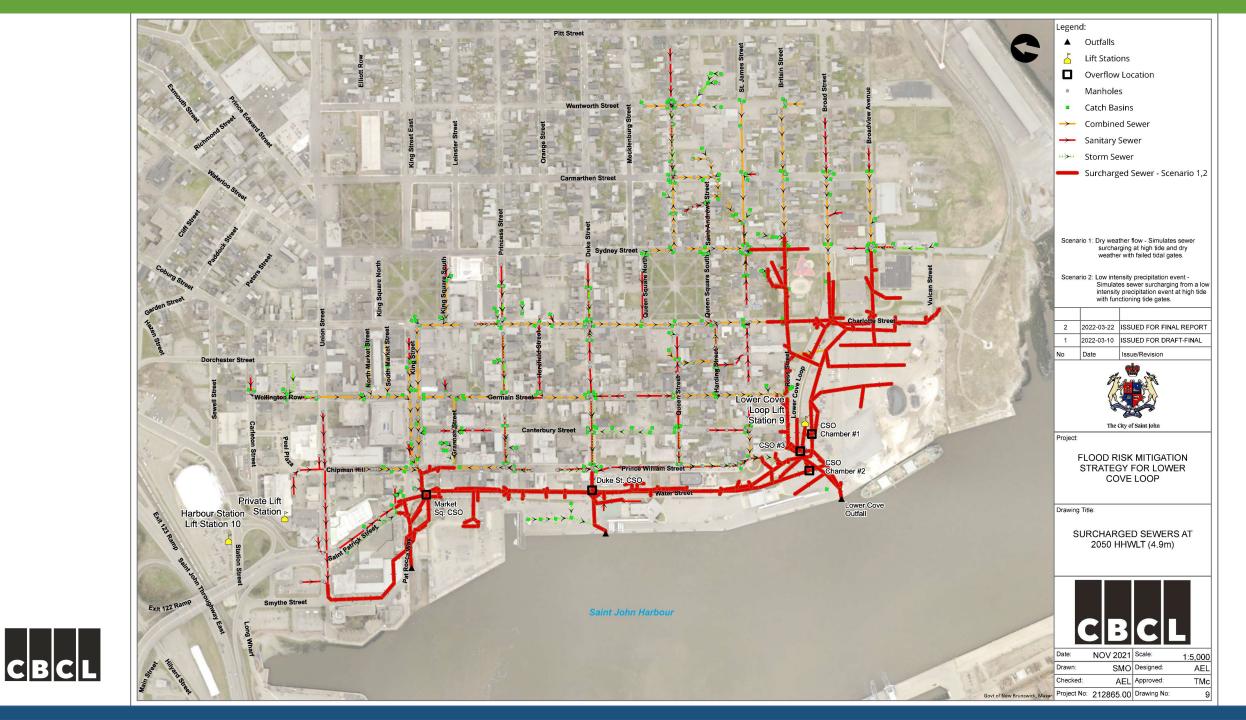
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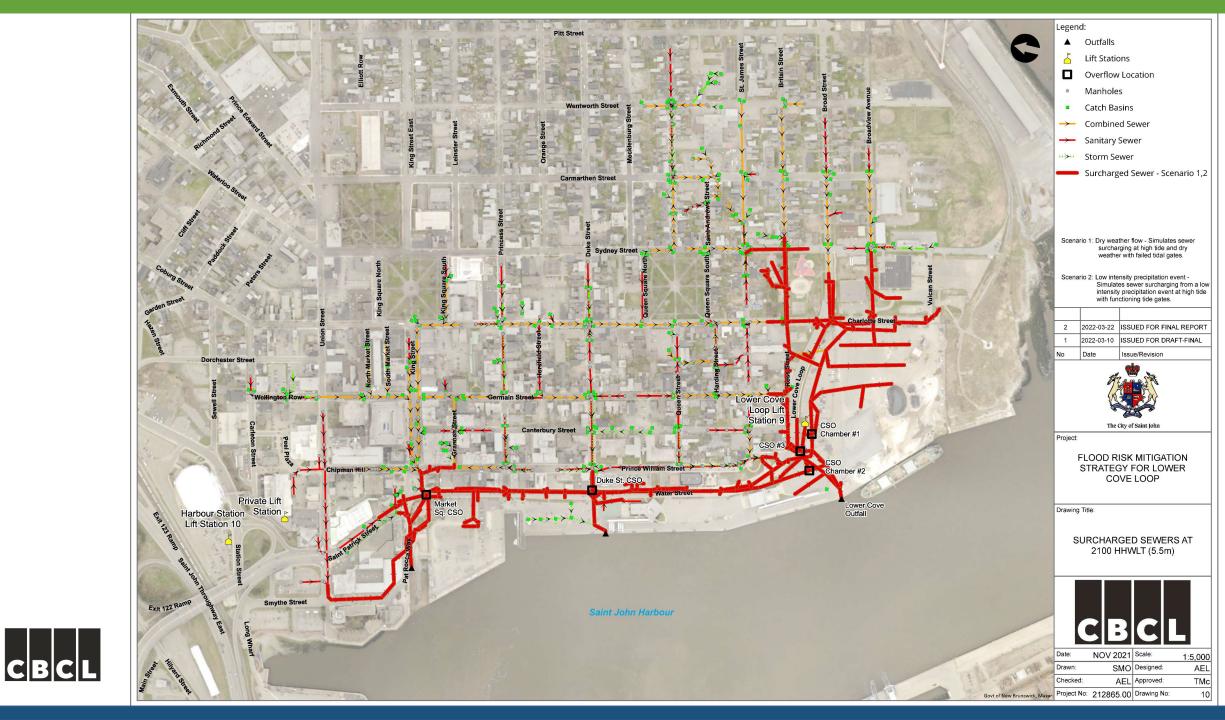
Date











Key Recommendations

Impacts of Sea Level Rise on Combined Sewers

- Short-Term: Rehabilitate leaky tidal control structures
- Intermediate-Term: Move CSOs above tidal range
- Long-Term: Full Sewer Separation



